PHIRMATICAN LOCKETHICANT STORE LID.

Arm Julan

FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME

Company No. 21-36606

In the Office of the Registrar of Companies WEST BENGAL [Under the Companies Act, 1956 (I of 1956)]

IN THE MATTER OF SUBHASH CAPITAL CITY LIMITED

I hereby certify that SUBHASH CAPITAL CITY LIMITED., which wa originally incorporated on 1st day of August 1983 under the Companies Act, 1956 an under the name Johar Chain industries Ltd. having duly passed the necessary special resolution on 10.02.1998 in terms of section 21 of Companies Act, 1956, and the approve of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Companies Affairs.

Vide Registrar of Companies West Bengal letter no. NCR/CN/36606 date 2nd June, 1998 the name of the said company is this day changed to INTERNATIONAl CONSTRUCTIONS LIMITED and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1 of the said Act.

Given under my hand at CALCUTTA this day of 8th June 1998 (On thousand nine hundred Ninty Eight)

Sd/-

(S. P. Roy)
Asset, Registrar of Companies
WEST BENGAL

INTERNATIONAL CONSTRUCTIONS LTD.



Secretary

FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME

Company No.21-36606

In the Office of the Registrar of Companies WEST BENGAL [Under the Companies Act. 1956 (1 of 1956)]

IN THE MATTER OF SPML INDUSTRIES LTD. 113 Park Street Calculto - 700 016

I hereby certify that SPML INDUSTRIES LTD., which was orginally incorporated on 1st day of August 1983 under the Companies Act, and under the name Johar Chain Industries Ltd. having duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of section 21 of Companies Act, 1956, and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Company Alfairs.

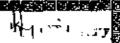
Registrar of Companies West Bengal letter no. NCR/CN/36806/94 dated 3rd August 1994 the name of the said company is this day changed to SUBHASH CAPITAL CITY LTD, and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at CALCUTTA 4th day of 4th August 1994 (One thousand nine hundred and ninety four)



Sd/-Asstt. Registrar of Companies WEST BENGAL

W*10





FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME

Company No. 21-36606

in the Office of the Registrer of Compenies WEST BENGAL (Under the Compenies Act 1956 (1 of 1956)

IN THE MATTER OF JOHAR CHAIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED

I hereby cartily that JOHAR CHAIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED, which was originally incorporated on 1st day of August 1983 under the Companies Act, 1956 and under the name JOHAR CHAIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED, having duty passed the necessary special resolution on 29-8-1989 in terms of Section 21 of Companies Act, 1956 and the approved of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Company Atfairs.

Register of Companies (W.B.) fetter No. NCR/CN/38608/89 dated 6th February, 1980 the name of the said company is this day changed to SPML INDUSTRIES LIMITED and this Cartificate is issued pursuant to Section 23 (1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Calcutte this day of Tielrd April 1980 (One thousand nine hundred and ninety)



नाहरूपान्त्राक्ष्माकां क्ष्मां जिल्लाका

Sd/-Aest. Registrer of Companies (W. B.)

s v Sceretary



CO. NO. 36606

Certificate for Commencement of Business

Pursuant of Section 149(3) of the Companies Act, 1956.

I hereby certify that the IOHAR CHAIN INDUSTRIES LIMITED which was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, on the First day of August, 1983 and which has this day filed a duly verified declaration in this prescribed form that the conditions of section 149(1)(a) to (d)[149(2)(a) to (c) of the said Act, have been complied with, is entitled to commence business.

Given under my hand at Calcutta this Twenty Ninth day of August One thousand nine hundred and Eighty Three.

Seal of the Registrar of Companies West Scogel.

M. L. Saly Registrar of Companies, West, Bengal

Name changed to SPML INDUSTRIES LIMITED Vide Certificate deted Third April 1990



CERTIFIED TO BE TRUE COPY

Secrete

FORM I. R.

Certificate of Incorporation

No. 36606 of 1983

I hereby certify that Johan Chain Industries Limited is this day incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) and that the Company is: Lymited.

Given under my hand at Calcutta this First day of August One thousand nine hundred and -Eighty-Three.

缀緻粷饠飁黀圝鰡譺獭陖劆嬩劆逦毈擌獭姰旟廤曔蟟嫎麔哅餟嵡縩籨鍨



M. L. Sah Registrar of Companies. West Bengal

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

OF

INTERNATIONAL CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

- The name of the company is INTERNATIONAL CONSTRUCTION LIMITED.
- II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the state of Karnataka
- III. The Objects for which the Company is established are following:
- A. MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED ON INCORPORATION :-
- 1. To manufacture, process, assemble, deal in, trade and to act as agents & stockists, import and export all types of chains, Pumps, sprockets, gears, pulleys, couplings, crane wheels, ferrous and non-ferrous castings, bearings and blocks, lifting tackles, conveyor belts and spares, pipe and pipe fittings, boilers and fittings, Earth moving machineries and spares, Diemaking, fabrication and Erections of all types, rolling of steel strips, sheets and rods, and also to act as builders, contractors and supervisors.
- To Carry on in India and elsewhere the business of contractors, consultants and supervisors for construction on building, houses, multi-storied flats, factories, workshops, water supply projects, sewage projects, hydraulic projects, civil construction projects, irrigation projects, agricultural projects, mechanical projects, electrical projects, earth work projects, Road, Highways, Culverts, Bridge, dams, barrages, canals, and other allied projects and to undertake such projects / works on own, build and operate basis and to act as manufacturers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, repairers, stockists and otherwise dealers of all types of plant, equipment, machinery, spare part and accessories required in connection therewith.
 - ** As per Special Resolution passed by Shareholders at the EGM held on 10,02,98.

- 3. To carry on the business of engineers, builders and contractors, fron founders, steel makers, mechanical engineers and manufacturers of railway materials, tools, implements, machinery and metal-ware of every description, brass founders, metal workers, mill wrights, smiths, wood workers, painters, metallurgists, electrical engineers, ships, boats, motor and other vehicle builders and dealers, carriers and merchants and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, alter, let or take on hire and deal in machinery, implements, rolling stock and hardware of all kinds.
- 4. To carry on the business as factors, brokers, agents, dealers, distributors, manufacturers, processors, exporters, importers, buyers, sellers, traders and suppliers and to buy, sell, barter, exchange, manufacture, process, export, import, trade supply or otherwise deal in, either as wholesetiers or retailers, or both and either as principles or agents, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, materials, substance, articles and commodities such as papers, boards, electric and electronic goods, jute & jute goods, jute cuttings and rejections polyster, ferrous and non-ferrous metals, automobile parts, synthetic and plastic products, cotton, cotton & textile goods, wool, silk, machineries and engineering goods, hydraulic equipments agricultural products, glass & glassware coal & coal products, mineral products, hardwares, petroleum products, tea and other beverages, wood & wood products, edible & non-edible oils. Vegetables & spices, surgical & scientific apparatuses, medicines pharmacuticals & essences, wheat, rice paddy, flours.
- *5. To plan, promote, generate, acquire, by purchase in bulk, develop, distribute and accumulate power by wind, solar, hydro, thermal, atomic, biomass, coal, fignite, gas, ocean ene/gy, geothermal or any other form by which energy, power can be produced and to transmit, distribute, sell and supply such power for captive, consumption by the company and/or for consumption by the others, and to construct, lay down, establish, fix and carry out and maintain necessary power stations and projects and to process, make, market, use, sell and dispose of ash or any other material produced as a result of the above activities.

As per CLB - Eastern Region Bench Order dt. 30.03.96

- B. OBJECTS INCIDENTIAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE ABOVE MAIN OBJECTS ARE:
- Subject the laws of the land, to enter into any arrangement for financial, managerial and/or technical collaboration, for any of the objects of the Company with any Indian or foreign agency, individual, firm, company or Government undertaking either in India or abroad.
- 7. To undertake, carry out, promote or sponsor any programme of scientific research or development of social science or statistical research related with the business of the Company and to assist in the execution and promotion-of any such programmes either directly or through the Agency of any person or persons or in any other manner.
- To cause the Company to be recognised in any foreign country or place and to open branches in India or outside for the purpose of the Company
- 9 To construct and develop residential or industrial colonies for general advancement of the employees of the company.
- 10. To amalgamate enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, joint venture or reciprocal interest with any person firm or company carrying on or engaged in any business which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.
- 11. To acquire and undertake by outright purchase or on lease the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company or firm carrying on any business which is directly or indirectly beneficial to the Company
- 12. To draw, make, accept, endorse, execute and discount promissory notes, cheques, bills of exchange, flundies and other negotiable and transferable instruments in connection with company's business.

- 13. To acquire by outright purchase or trensfer of licence or rights to manufacture or dealing from any other individual. Item or company or companies and also to apply for any licence for carrying out objects of the company and to apply for its sutrander.
- 14. To take agencies of any firm, company or companies, within India or abroad for the direct or indirect benfls of the company and to appoint agents for its own business.
- To deal in scraps or by products arising out of the manufacturing process and also to deal in, export and import in any such product.
- 16. To acquire or amalgamate with any other company whose objects are or include objects, similar to those of this company, whether by sale or purchase (for fully or partly paid up shares or otherwise) of the undertaking subject to liabilities of this or any such other company as aforesaid, with or without winding up or by sale or purchase (fully or partly paid-up shares or otherwise) of all shares or stock of this or any such other Company as aloresaid or by partnership or in any other manner.
- 17. To carry on or to acquire from time to time any trade or business which can, in the opinion of the Company, be carried on advantageously by way of extension of or in connection with such business or is calculated directly or indirectly to develop any brench of the Company's assets, properties or rights and for the purpose to issue partly or fully paid up shares for consideration other than cash.
- 18. To establish they branch in India and elsewhere and regulate and discontinue the same.
- To establish, promote and assist any company or companies for purpose of furthering the objects of this Company.
- 20. To obtain from any government or authority such rights privileges and concessions which the company may think desirable to obtain and to carry out exercise and to comply with any such arrangements, tights, privileges and concessions.

- 21. To accumulate capital for any of the purposes of the Company and to appropriate the Company's essets for specific purposes and to hold shares and securities of any other firms, companies or corporate body or Government.
- 22. To listue shares and debantures of the Company at perior at premium or at a discount and to sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit.
- To remunerate any person or company and pay commission or brokerage in cash or otherwise, whatsoever, for services to be rendered for the Company.
- 24. To sett, dispose of or transfer any of the business, property and underfaking of the company or any part thereof for any consideration which the company may deem fit to accept.
- 25. To accept:stock, share or debentures, mortgage debentures, of other company in payment or part payment for any service rendered or for any sale made to or debt owing from such Company.
- 26 To enter into contract with any person or company or film giving or taking partial or sole and exclusive right to supply by or to the company with the articles or commodities used or sold by the company on such terms and conditions and for such period or periods as may be determined from time to time.
- 27. To anter into any arrangement with any central, State or Foreign Government or public body or person or authority or with any priyate individual that may seem conductive to the Company's object or any of them and to obtain from any such Government Authority, person, public body and private individual, any concessions, grants, decreas, rights, charters, contractors, licences, powers and privileges, whatsoever, which may seem to the company capable of being turned to account of which the Company may think directly or indirectly conductive to any of the objects or capable of being carried on in connection with business and to work, develop, carry out, exercise and turn to account the same.
- 28. To borrow, raise or secure the payment of money in such monner as the Company shall think (it either by the issue of debantures, debanture stocks, perpetual or otherwise, mortgage of any other securities charged or based upon the undertaking of the Company, both present and future including the uncelled capital of the Company or without any such security and upon

such escurity and upon such terms as to priority or otherwise and generally to borrow money in such manner as the directors shall think fit.

- 29. To accept as a gift and to give in gifts, property, moveble or immovable in or outside india, stock, debantures, securities essigning of insurence policies or in cash or shares from or to the individuals or firms or companies whose objects may be same or different in appreciation of the service rendered or otherwise.
- 30. To lend money to such persons or compenies on such terms as may seem expedient and in perfectler to customers and others having dealings with the Company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by such persons or companies subject to the Banking Regulations Ad. 1949.
- 31. To establish, support or aid in the establishment and support of essociations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees (including Directors and ex-Directors) of the Company (or its predacessors in business or the dependants or connections of such persons) to great pensions and allowances, gratuities, bonuses and annulties and to make payment towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charlishle or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful objects subject to the provisions of section 293A of the Companies Act, 1956.
- 32. To apply for purchase or otherwise acquire and protect, profong and renew whether in India or elsewhere any patents, patent rights, trade marks, designs, licences, protections concessions and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention process or privilege which may seem capable of being used for any of the purpose of the Company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company and to use, exercise, develop manufacture under or grant ficances or privileges in respect of, or otherwise turn to account the property, rights and information so acquired and to carry on any business in any way connected therewith.
- 33. To form, incorporate or promote any company or companies, whether in India or in any foreing country, having amongst its or their objects the acquisition of all or any of the assets or control, management or development of the Company or any other objects or object which in the opinion of the Company could or might directly or indirectly assist the Company in the management of its business or the development of its properties or otherwise prove advantageous to the Company and to pay all or any of the costs and expenses incurred in connection with any such promotion or incorpo-

ration and to remunerate any person or company in any manner it shall think fit for services rendered or to be rendered in obtaining subscriptions for or placing or assisting to piece or to obtain subscriptions for or for guaranteeing the subscriptions of or placing of any shares in the capital of the Company or any bonds, debantures, obligations or securities of the Company or any stocks, where, bonds, debontures obligations or excurition of any other Company held or owned by the Company or in which the Company may have an interest in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of the business or in or about the promotion or formation of any other company in which the Company may have an interest.

- 34. To borrow or raise moneys and to secure their payments in such manner as the Company shall think fit and to Issue debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations and securities, of all kinds and to frame, constitute and secure the same, as may seem expedient with full powers to make the same translatable by delivery or by instrument or transfer or otherwise and either redeemable or otherwise and to charge or secure the same by trust deed or otherwise, on the undertaking of the Company or upon any specific property and rights, present and future of the Company (including, if thought fit, uncelled capital) or otherwise howsoever.
- 35. To provide for the welfate of the employees, ex-employees, directors and ex-directors of the company of its predecessors in dusiness or the family members, dependents or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwalling or quarters or by grants or money. Pensions, gratuities, allowances, payment towards insurance, houses, profit sharing bonuses or benefits or any other payments or by establishing, supporting from time to time, subscribing or contributing or siding in the establishment and support of association, institutions, funds including provident funds, trusts, profit sharing or other schemes and conveniences and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards the piece of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensatios, medical and other attendances as the company shall think fit.
- 36. To undertake, carry out, promote or sponsor any programme of rural health or development, including any programme for mass hamunisation or lot promoting the health, social and economic welfare or the uplift of the public in any rural or other class, to assist in the execution and promotion

of any such programme, either directly or through the Agency of any person or persons or in any other manner and to incur expanditure on any such programme with power to the Directors to transfer, with or without consideration, or divert the ownership of any property of the Company to or in favour of any person or persons including any public or local body or authority. Central for State Government, any public institution or any trust or fund as the Directors may in their sole and absolute discretion decide.

Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the wards "Rural Area" shall include such areas as may be regarded as rural areas under Section 35CC of the income-Tax Act, 1961 or any other few relating to rural development for time being in force or as may be regarded by the Directors as rural area.

- 37. To undertake, carry out promote, Sponsor or assist any activity for the promotion and growth of the natural economy and for discharging what the Directors may consider to be the social and moral responsibilities of the Company to the public or may section of the public as also any activity which the Directors consider likely to promote national welfare or the social economic or moral up-lift of the public or any section of the public in such means as the Directors may think fit and the Directors may without projudice to the generality of the foregoing undertake, carryout, promote and sponsor any activity for publication of any books, literature, newspapers. etc. or for organising lectures or seminars likely to edvance these objects or for giving mark awards, scholarships, loans or any other assistants to deserving student or other scholars or persons to enable them, to prosecute their studies or ecademic pursuits or researches or for establishing, conducting or assisting any institution, fund, trust etc. Having any one of the elecaseid objects by giving donations, or in any other manner and the Directors may at their discretions, in order to implement any of the above-mentioned objects or purposes transfer without consideration or at such feir or concessions value as the Directors may think fit and divert the ownership of any property of the Company to or in favour of any Public or Local Body or Authority or Central or State Government or any Public Institutions or Trusts of Fends as the Directors may approve. -
- 38 To establish or promote concur in establishing or promoting any other company whose objects shall include the acquistion and taking over att or any of the assets and flabilities of or shall be in any magnetical culated to advance directly or indirectly the objects or interest of this Company and to acquire and hold shares, stocks or succrities of and gureantee

the payment of the dividends or capital or any securities issued by or any other obligation of any company may be interested.

- 39. Subject to the provisions under Companies Act, 1956 and the directions of the Reserve Bank of India from time to time, to receive money or deposit on interest or otherwise with or without security from companies, firms or persons, whether movable or immovable properties and to lend money and negotiate with or without security whether of movable and immovable properties to such companies firms or person on such conditions as may seem expedient and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any person, company or firm provided that the Company shall not carry on the business of banking.
- C. OTHER OBJECTS INCLUDING CLAUSES 4 & 6 CONTAINED IN MAIN OBJECTS:
- 40. To garry on in all their aspects the business of hire purchase or general lineace, investment trust and lineace brokers.
- 41. To carry on the business of film tinancing whether by system of hire purchase, profit sharing, royalty or parcentage, Commission or on any other term.
- 42. To buy, sell, import export, manufacture, process convert, grind treat and deal in merchandise commodities and articles of all kinds and generally to carry on business as traders, importers & exporters and to act as purchasing, selling or commission agents.
- 43. To carry on business and to act as a General Contractor and to do any construction, manufacturing, building, road making, engineering and all other kinds and descriptions whatsoever for any person, tilm, Company, Public body, Government, Army, Navy, Railways, etc by the Company itself or in partnership with such Company or individuals or persons as may be thought lit by the Directors.
- 44. To carry on the business of manufacturers of and deaters in all kinds and classes of papers board, paper, products and pulp.
- 45. To carry on the business as producers, manufacturers, processors, converters, refiners, makers, bottlers, stockists, dealers, importers, exporters,

tradere retailers, agents, buyers or sellers of oxygen, acetylene, emonis, nitrogen, hydrogen, hellum and other types and kinds of gases required for or used in industries, agriculture, clinics, hospitals, telrigeration, eviation, transport vehicles, space rockets and orafts, communication, objects and media, power plants, domestic or public lighting, heating, doctling or cooking purposes, lighters, plants, producing weter, chemicals or lules, pasticide, defence or warfare establishments, horticulture, lorest or plant protection and growth and other afflied purposes and to service repair manufacture, market or deal in machinery plants, spaces, cylinders, containers, gadgets appliances and accessories required tor, working on, using or producing any of such gases and products,

- 48. To manufacture, process import, export, buy, settlend deal in Venespett oils de-hydrated vegetable oils, oils made or processed from seeds, cotton seeds, ogcoenut products, of plentations, horticulture, spriculture and forest produce and oil cakes and soaps and fubricants made from such oils or as by products theref.
- 47. To carry on business as manufacturers, processors, re-rollers, reliners, ameliers, converters, producers, exporters, importers, traders, dealers, distributors, stockists, buyers, sellers, agents, or merchants in all kinds and froms of steel including mild, high carbon, high speed, too!, alloy stainless and special steels, from metals and alloys, ingots, billets, bars, joists rods, squares, structurers, tubes, poles, pipes, sheets, castings, whes, roller, materials, roller, other materials made wholly or partly of fron, steel, alloys and metals required in or used for industrial, agriculturer, transport, commercial, domestic, building power transission and/or construction purposes.
- 48. To carry on business of manufacturers, fabricators, processors, producers, growers, makers, importers, exporters, buyers settlers, suppliers, stockists, agents, merchants, distributors and concessioneries of and deelers in synthatic rubber, clastomers, synthatic resins, carbon black, tubber letex, plastics, latexes and formulations thereof including reclaimed rubber, natural rubber, resins, compounds and other products, nylon and rubber tyres are tubes, tyre velves, petrochemicals, calcium carbide, styrone, butaniene, ethylene alcohal, hydrocarbon, petroleum fractions, inogenic chemicals, organic chemicals fine chemical including photographic chemicals, paints, vamishes and enamels, coke oven by products, coal far distrillation products like napthalene, anthracene, benzene phenol, and the like pibalic anthydride, esbestos paper and special jointing material, graphite

and silicon carbide crocibles, crysitte, atuminium fluoride, bromine, electrodes including graphite electrodes, are walding rode, calcine, petroleum coke, salt and altied products, paustic sode, chlorine thermosetting and thermoplestic plastics and compounding agents and ,additives esprolectum and altied chemicals, amines and plasticizers, enzymes, solds, amino acids, sulphates and other synthetic chemical and chemical substances-basic, intermediate, linished or otherwise and all types of drugs and pharmacesuticals.

- 49. To produce, manufacture, purchase, ratine, prepare, process, import, export, sell and generally deal in cement, portland coment, alumina cement, estastos cement, lime and time stone and by-products thereof, cement-pipes, sheets and other building materials, refractories, fire-bricks, furnace lining bricks-acidic, basic and neutral, insulating boards, wall boards, plasters, motor, marble, mosalc, tiles and the like.
- 50. To carry on business as timber merchants, saw mill proprietors and timber growers and to buy, sail, grow, prepare for market, manipulate import, export and deal in timber, teak, plywood, hardboards, fire wood and wood of ell kinds and to manufacture and deal in items where plywood or other wood is used including matches, bobbins and shuttles and to buy, clear, plant and work timber estates.
- 61. To carry on the business of manufactures, fabricators, processors, producers, growers, makers, importers, experiers, buyers, sellers, suppliers, stocklats, agents, merchants, distributors and concessionaries of and dealers in flour, cakes, pastry, cornflakes, bread, biscuits, chocolates, confectionary, sweat, fruit drops, sugar, glucose, chewing gums, milk, cream, ice, icacream, aerated or mineral waters, first juices, wines, tiquors and other stichoholic drinks and fermentation products, canned fruit products, milk and malted food, cigarettes cigars, protein foods, maize products butter, glace, cheese and other dairy products, pickles, jams, Jalies, sausages, cider, poultry and eggs, pulses, spices, oils, powder and condensed milk, honey, fresh and dehydrated vagetables, coffee tes cocos seeds, processed seeds, concerntate for cattle or poultry feed, fruits, and all kinds of processed loods as well as materials, aggrissis, or used for preparation of food article.
- 62. To carry on the business as travel agents, tourist and cargo carriers by road, etc., see or by any other mode of transport and to carry on all ailted business and activities perfolating to the travelting and tourist business.

- 63. To cerry on business, as manufacturers, producers dealers, processors importers, exporters, stockists, agents, brokers, traders, retaiters of all kinds of paper including writing, printing, wrapping and tissue, newsprint paper for packing including corrugated and least paper, synthetic papers, paper hoard and straw board, and all kinds of pulp whether mechanical or chemical including dissolving pulp and also to carry on business as printers and publishers including of news papers, books and journals.
- 54. To manufacture, produce, buy sell, import, export, stock and deel in machine tools, grinding machines, automotic tathes, drilling machines, planing machines, planogranders, machinery of every description, precision tools, cutting and small tools, fasteners, electric motors, electical equipments, electric motors, cables, wires, switch-gears, flame and drip proof meters, electric fans, cookers and lissks, gremophone including record players and, records, other domestic appliances, regulators of all types, electric kilowett hour meters, magnets, Industrial jewels, emmeters, volt meters, and other type of measuring instruments, electrical or non-electric die castings, screws, nuts and bolts, transformers of all types, circuit brakers, hoists elevators, gears, trolleys and coaches, winches, all compressors, transformers and switchgears, welders, refrigerators, domestic waching machines, television and wireless apparetus including radio receivers and transmitters, micro wave components, rader equipments, valves, resistors, electronic instruments conductors, interests soutefuls, transistors and allied items, sewing machines, watches and clocks, tapsrecorders, house-hold appliances and components parts thereof.
- 66. To certy on the business of manufacturers and dealers in eir-conditioning and religeration thermal and hydro power generation equipment, equipments, consumer and domestic appliances, radios and transistors, electronic equipment including television and computers, oxygen and acatylene electrodes including graphite electrodes, weighing scates, cement, refrectories, batteries, agricultural equipment, thermometers, flashilights, defonstors and explosives, hume and cement pipes, asbastos starch and by-products, wire tops, lincleum, vinyl tiles, glass, calculators, typewriters and all forms of office equipments, magnets, gauges and precision instruments, conductors, rectillers, capacitors, meters, matches, grinding and abrasive equipment, potteries, tiles and ceramics, fighting equipment, oils, manufes or any one or more of such business in all or any of their respective branches.
- 56. To Grow, cultivate manufacture, trest, cure, bland process, buy, sell or deal in tea or coffee in various forms.

- 57. To carry on business as manufacturers, distributors, importers, exporters, agents and generally deal in all kinds of leather terms and things made of leather and leather goods and chemicals used for manufacture of leather products:
- 58. To carry on the business of hotal, restaurant, cale, travers, beerhouses retrestant rooms and ladgings, house keepers, licensed victualities, wine, bears, and apiet merchants, importers and manufacturers of estated mineral and artificial waters and other drinks, purvayors, caterors for the public, importers and brokers of food. Hive and dead stock and foreign produce of all descriptions, bakers, contactioners, milk setters, butter sellers, delaymen, poulterers, green grocers, farmers and ice merchants.
- 69. To carry on the business of chemical engineers cliemical manufacturers chemists, analysts research chemists, drugglats, importers and manufacturers of and dealers in pharmaceutical, medical, chemical, industrial and other products and articles, compounds, cements, offs, paints, varaishes, drugs, medicines, dyewers and makers of and dealers in patent, medicines, surgical, and eclenitic apparatus and materials.
- 60. To carry on all or any of the business of mechanical and electrical engineers and manufacturers and suppliers of implements and machinery, tool-makers, amiths, steel and brass founders, metal workers, machinist, iron and steel workers, metallurgists, chemical manufacturers, distillers, electrical goods and accessories, glass manufacturers of all kinds, engineers, ges suppliers, timber merchants and suppliers of agricultural implements, motor and automobile spare parts, sugar mill machinery, oil mill mechinery, manufacturers of aurgical instruments, and to buy, sell, manufacture, repair, convert, let on hire and deal in minerals, metals, machinery, implements rolling stocks; hardware and chemicals of all kinds, and to carry on any other business (Manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any or business above specified.
- 61. To carry on all or any of the business as supplying, purchasing, selling, importing, exporting, manufacturing processing, converting, establishing workshop and factories, offices and buildings and the business of brick-makers, potters, chemists and druggists, cycle manufacturing, dering, drappers and furnishers, magningry, packing boxes and other packing entities, electrical goods, appliances, tools and implements, hotelists general

Importers and exporters jewellers and laundry business, mechanical engineers, miners, motor car manufacturing, motor emal-bus-service, patroleum and mineral off, paviours, refershment rooms, sew mills, since and leather makers, soap manufacturing, spinning and weaving of all fabrics, stationers, stores and provisions, surgical instrument makers, too planters, theatre Company, tobacconist Company and to carry on any other business or work necessary and incidental to any of the above business in the interest of the Company.

- 62. To carry on the business or manufacturers, importers, exporters, dealers, hiters, repairers, cleaners, cerriers and stores of motor cars, automobile space and parts, omni-buses, trucks, torries, tractors, buildozers, motor cycles, scoolers, motor boats, motor faunches, motor buses, motor lorries, motor vans, seroplanes, see planes, ships, gliders and other convayance of all descriptions whether propelled or assisted by petrol, spirit, steam, gas, electricity, sanimal, atomic or other power or engines, chasis, bodies and other things used in or in connection with the above-mentioned things.
- Fo carry on the business of cold storage, releigeration, cooking, dehyderation, preservation, of any product.
- 64. To carry on the business as dealers in and purchasers of dairy farms, garden and produce of all kinds and in particular milk, cream, butter giree, choose, poultry eggs, fruits, vegetable giree, artificial giree, spices, sausages, prown, ptted meat, table delicacies, loaves, brood, manures.
- 65. To carry on the business of house, shop, saloon, halls and other apartment and exhibition decorators and execute decorative work of all sorts, to prepare, manufacture, paint, use, import, export, device, design all kinds of artistic objects for use and ornamentation or any property used in the decoration or furnishing of buildings, exhibitions or other structures of all kinds and nature whatsoever.
- 65. To carry on all kinds of business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, dealers, assemblers distributors of radios radiograms gramophones, wireless apparetus, domestic and commercial refrigerators, coalers, freezers of all kinds, humidifying, dehumidifying, ventilating and cooling plants, room-coolers and alt-conditioning of all kinds, records, bare and rubber linsulated wires, cables, flexible cords, fuse wires, copper and aluminium

whee, electric switches and switch-goese, contents, temps, motors, fans and electric goods, pleatic and light material products, equipments and accessories of all kinds, cold storage equipments and all strictes and thing used in manufacture, construction, erection, maintenance and working thereof in connection therewith in any way whatspever. To repair the same and their machinery and apparatus etc.

- 67. To menulacture, process, buy, self, import and deal in all kinds of machinery, food products, seeds, patents and licences, all kinds of fertilizers, time mineral products and stock-feeds.
- 68. (a) To carry on the business of founders of ferrous and non-ferrous metals, sheat workers, mechanical, structural, electrical and metallurgical engineers, to carry on the work of cast from foundry for the manufacture of all types of pipes and pipe-fittings, water-reservoirs distinage requisites including manhole frames and covers, grantings and folders, cast from sanitary appliance and fittings including flushing cisterns, bath-tubes, wash-basins cast from building requisites including railing, spiral stairs, ladders, ventilators, ornamentel window-frames, pillars, agricultural implements including choppers, ploughs, cast from railway castings including sleepers, fish plates, wheels and other littings household requisites and stensils, including cooking pans, containers, coal mining and engineering requisites including pinions, tube-wheels, pump-parts and other general and special castings.
 - (b) To carry on the work of mechanical and electrical engineers and to run a workshop to undertake and execute all types of mechanical and structural jobs of manufacturing, febrication and erection of buildings and erticles and to do various types of sheets matal work including manufacturing and construction of storage tanks, buckets, drums various types of conteiners and other similar items, that may be easily merketable.
- 69. To invest and to carry on the business of jeweliers, bullion merchants, gold-smiths, silver-smiths, gem and stone merchants.
- To deal in and to invest in precious stones, diamonds, pearls, jewellery, watches, clock; chronometers, gold and silver places, electroplated cuttery,

presents and gills, coins, cups, metals shields curious enticles of virtue. art and antiquities, dressing begs, and bronzes.

- 71. To engage and carry on the business of relating, packing, grading, preparing for market eggs, butter, cream, milk, farm and poultry products of all descriptions. To hatch, bread and raise either by natural means or incubators or otherwise poultry of all kinds.
- 72. To carry on the business of exhibition of films, clinema-owners, film distributors', studio-owners and all other allied trades and techniques and also to act as producers, distributors, importers, exporters, exhibitors and financiars of cinematograph film and to manufacture, own, acquire, pravide, secure, arrange or deal in films and photographic paper and equipment cameres, sound recording, musical, lighting appliances, instruments, equipments and machines and to construct establish, own, hire of otherwise acquire and to manage, let out for cent, lea, monetary gain or otherwise studies, laboratories, theatres, buildings, halls, open air-theatres, bars, restaurants and other buildings or work required for the purposes of production, distribution or exhibition of the films, operas stageplays, dances, operattas, burriesques, vaudaville, revues, ballets, pantomimes, spectacular pieces, promenade concert circus or other performance and antertainments and to Act as dealers, importers. exporters of musical instruments and records, tapes, cinema and film projects and comeres, wige and other products or materials related or connected with the attressed objects and business; and to acquire exclusive or limited rights to any play, story, musical songs and lyric, book. article or any technique by producing, purchasing or otherwise acquiring and to use exarcise, develop or exploit or turn to account such rights for the business of the company, and to act as agains for training, retaining, arranging and supplying artists, stars, art directors, script or story-writers, techenicions, extra and other personnel required by the Company or other film, cinema or show business,
 - 73. To manufacture, purchase, produce, grow, raise, preserves purify, ratine, import, export prepare, sell and deat in sugar, sugarcandy, sugarcand, gur, molesses syrups, alcohol and all other bysproducts and food products, tertifizers and things generally end to maintain retineties, foundies, workshops, distilleries and other works for the purpose of the Company.
 - 74. To carry on mining and any business relating to the winning and working of minerals and to search for get work, Taise, manufacture, produce, buy.

sell and in coal, coke mineral oil, from ore, time atone, graphite, carbon, chemicals, petro-chemicals, cament, brickearths, bricks, pipes, fire-clay, fire-bricks, mice and other metats, minerals and substances and their products, by products and ancillary products and to menutacture and sell patient fuels, to work mines mining rights in, under or upon the land and properties for the time being belonging to the Company and to mine, quarry, crush, wash, small, reduct, or otherwise.

- 76. To purchase, take on lease, acquire in exchange or otherwise own, hold, occupy, manage, controt, construct, errect, after, develop, pull down, improve, tepair, tenovate, work, build, plan, lay out; sell, transfer, mortgage, charge, assign, let out, sub lease all types of lands plots, buildings, hereditaments, bunglows, quertere, offices, flats, chawls, warehouses, gowdowns, shops, stalls, markets, bridges, structurers, undertakings, constructions, tenaments, roads bridges, forests, estates, assets and properties movable or immovable freshold or lease-hold or whatever nature and description and wherever cituate.
- 76. To carry on business as financiers, concessionaries and to undertake end execute all kinds of financial, commercial and trading operations and to discount buy, self and deal in bills notes, warrants, coupons, suits and decrees for money granted by any court in the Union of India and other negotiable or transferable securities or documents.
- 77. To acquire from or sell to any person, firm body corporate or whether in India or elsewhere, technical and managerial information, know-how, process engineering, manufacturing, operating and commercial data, plans lay-outs and blue-prints useful for the design, erection and operation or any plant or process or manufacture and to acquire, grant or license other rights and benefits in the foregoing matters, to render any kinds of managerial technical and financial consultancy services and to carry on the business of market research organises, sales promotion agents, general advisors, advisors, technical and marketing consultants, either alone or in partnership.
- 78. To carry on the business of technical, financial and management consultants and edvisers and to enter into collaboration agreements for the manufacture of items, which the company is entitled to produce in India and abroad with the companies, firms and individuals, Central and/or State Government and their concerns and to tender and provide all types of services including managerial personnel, secretarial designing, engineering, preparation of festibility and project reports, drawings, plant layouts, lenders for all the plant 6 machinery, equipments, buildings and other structures and helping linelisation of contracts and commissioning of plants.

- 79. To carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers in capacitions, resistors, tubes, condensors, semi-conductor materials and devices translators, rectifiers, zenerdiodes, thermistors, intigrated and hybrid choults, relays and variators, potentiomaters, connectors, printed circuits, coils, chokes, transformers, switches, volume controls, plugs, sockers, bases, serial, gears, electrical, diesel motors, and pumps, batteries, accumulators, cables, metal and other cases, piezo electric quarts, crystals of all types including those made from synthetic meterials, meters of all kinds including those for industrial, domestic and other uses etc. chassis-holders & covers.
- 80. To carry on business as menutacturers, traders, importers, exporters, and dealers in all types of cables, wires 8 its accessories, conductors, standard wires and all other kinds of wires 8 wire products.
- 81. To carry on business as dealers, distributors, stokists, buyers setlets, repairs, cleaners, stores, importers, experiers or agents of motor cars trucks, forries and carriages, motor cycles scooters bi-cycles, tractors, earth moving equipments, traiters, and other vehicles, agricultural implements, pumps and machineries and spare parts, engines, motors accessories, components, tools, batteries, glass, pennels and sheets, apparatus, fittings, furnishing materials, tyres, tubes, paints, tubricants, fuel, oils, gas or other materials, used or required for such vehicles, implements of machines and to act as transporters of goods and to let out, hire or linence or hitepurchase system or otherwise automobile and other vehicles, implements, machines, and any of the aforgmentioned products or things.
- 82. To purchase, lease, exchange or otherwise acquire land, building and other improvable properties of any type or description and rights connected with the land and turn the same into account in any manner, whatsoever, and in particular by preparing building sites, opening road and by constructing, altering improving decorating, furnishing and maintaining offices, flats, houses, factories, warehouses, shops buildings are and by connecting or sub-dividing properties and by leasing or disposing off the same.
- 83. To carry on all kinds of promotion business and in particular to take part in the formation, supervision of business or operations of any company, undertaking or tirm and for that purpose to appoint and remunerate any directors, accountants, or other experts or agents and also to join any partnership him as partner or otherwise on profit sharing basis or on any mode of distribution of profits.

- 84. To act as Merchant Bankers, Financers, Managers, C-Managers, Registrars to the issoe, underwriters, Brokers, Sub-brokers, Port-folio Managers, Asset Management Company, Trustees, Custodians, Transfer Agents and to provide services as consultants, Advisors providing general, administrative, secretarial, commercial, financial, Technical, Legal-accountancy, quality control, Lean syndication, Finance Structuring, Inter-corporate Deposits, Fixed-Deposits, Corporate Planning, Project identification, appraisal and funding, mergers and acquisitions, capital restructuring, Fund management, forex advisory services, tie-ups, collaborations, marketing, placement and recruitment of Indian and/or foreign personnels, and to render such other related services to persons, firms, companies, Corporate Bodies, Trusts, Associations or Organisations whatsoever in India or abroad.
- 85. To carry on business of leasing and hire purchase, investment in shares and securities, sick-industries. Rehabilitation, Bridge financing, Bill discounting, International capital market operations, Money market operations, share finance, venture capital finance and such other inter-related activities of lending money, financing industrial enterprises, borrow money, accepting deposits and loans.
- IV. The liability of the members timited.
- V. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 10,00,00,00G/- (Rupees Ten Crores As Amended Only) divided into 1,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each with power to increase or decrease the share capital in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed below are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of theres in the capital of the company set opposite to our respective names.

Memor. Signatures father shusbends names and addresses and accupations.	No. of squity chares taken by each subscribers,	Name, Signature, address. father's name and accupation of Witness.
ALI, HUSSAIN SAIFUDDINBHAI S/o Selfuddinbhai Akbarelly P-I, New C. J. T. Road, (Hide Lage) Iohar Building, Calcutta-700 073 Business.	(One bundred)	
MOIZ ABBASBHAI S/o Abbasbhai Akharally P-1, New C. 1. T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johar Building, Calcutta-700 073 Business.	(One hundred)	Winess to all Signatories : PANKAJ KUMAR KHARA Sjo Sri Harsukhrai J. Khara 14, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 2nd Floor, Kent House, Calcutta-700 013 Chartered Accountant
MOHAMMADI YUSÜFBHAI S/o Yusufbhai Akbarnily P-I, New C. I. T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johar Building, Calculia-700 073 Business.	100 (One bundeed.)	
JUMANA ALI HUSSAIN W/o Ali Hussain Saifuddinbhai P-I, New C. I. T. Ruad, (Hide Lane) Johar Building, Calculte-700 073 House Wife.	(One hundred)	
NISRIN MOIZ W/o Moix Abbashini P-I, New C. L.T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johar Building, Calcutta-700 073 House Wife.	100 (One hundred)	
NAFISA MOHAMMADI W/o Mohammadi Yusufhhai P-I, New C. I. T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johar Building, Calcutta-700 073 House Wife.	100 (One hundred)	
TASUEEM QURESH W/o Quresh Abbashhai P-1, New C. 1 T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johar Building, Calcutta-700 073 House Wife.	(One hundred)	
	OTAL (Seven bundred)	}

Dated : 8th July, 1983

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

INTERNATIONAL CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

1. Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions con- interpretation tained in these Articles shall beef the same meaning as in the Act or any atatutory modification thereof.

The marginal notes hereto shall not effect the construction hereof and in these presents unless there he something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith.

The Company means INTERNATIONAL CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

'The Act' means the Companies Act, 1958 and includes any re-enactment or eletutory modification thereof for the time being in force:

'Directors' mason the Directors for the time being of the Company.

'The Board' means the Board of Directors for the time being of the Company.

'The Managing Director' means the Managing Director for the time being of the Company so appointed.

'Office' means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.

Register means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 160 of the Act.

'Seal' means the Common Seal for the time being of the Company.

'Month' means calendar month.

'Dividend' Includes Bonus.

Person Includes body corporate, firm, essociation of firms and society registered under the Societies Registration Act.

'Proxy' includes Attorney duly constituted under a power of attorney.

In writing' and 'Written' include printing, fithography and any other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

'Debenture' includes debenture stocks.

'Special Resolution' and 'Ordinary Resolution' have the same meanings assigned thereto by Section 189 of the Act.

These 'Presents' means the Memorandum of Association and these Articles of Association of the Company for time being in force.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and vice verse.

'Articles' means these Articles of Association or as altered and modified from time to time according to law.

Table 'A' out to apply 2. The regulations contained in table 'A' in the first Schedule to the Companies Act, 1956, shall not apply to the Company, except in so fer as they are embodied in the following Articles which shall be the regulations for the management of the Company.

Company-not to purchase its

- 3. Save as permitted by Section 77 of the Act, the funds of the Company shall not be employed in the purchase of, or lent on the security of shares of the Company and the Company shall not give directly or in-directly, any financial essistance whether by way of iden querantee, the provision of security or otherwise any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with any purchase of, or subscription for any shales in the Company or in its holding Company.
- 4. Copies of Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company shall be furnished to every shateholder of the Company at his request on payment of Rs. 2/- (Two)

SHARES

6. (e) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is fils. 10, 00, 00,000/(Rupees Ten Crorers) divided into 1,00,00, 000/- Equity Shares of Rs. 10/-(Rupees ten only) each. The Company has the power from time to time to increase or reduce its share capital. Any of the said shares and any new shares beneafter to be created may from time to time by divided into shares of several classes in such manner as may be provided hereinalier and the Company may allow and so that the shares of each class may have or confer such preferred or other special rights and privileges may be issued under such restrictions and conditions whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of capital or otherwise as shall have been essigned thereto by or under provisions of the Articles of Association but so that the special rights or privileges belonging to holders of any shares issued with preferred or other rights shall not be varied or abrogated or affected except with such sanction as is provided for hereinster.

Share Capital (A semended in AGM deted 25th August, 1861)

- (b) The said Preference Shares will confer upon the holder thereof the right to a fixed completive preferential dividend at such rate as the Directors may decide at the time of issue on the Capital for the time being paid up thereon and the right in a winding up to payment of Capital and errears of dividend in priority to the Equity Shares, but shall not confer any further right to participate in the profits or assets.
- 6. Subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Companies Act, the Company may issue Preference Shares which are, or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner, so the Board may determine.

Preference sheres

7. Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the shares shall be under the control of the Board who may allot or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons, on such terms and conditions, at such time either at par or at a premium and for such consideration as the Board thinks, fit. Provided that, where at any time it is proposed to increase the subscribed Capital of the Company by the allotment of further shares, then, subject to the provisions of Section 81 (1A) of the Act, the Board shell issue such shares in the manner set out in Section 81(1) of the Act, save the Board may determine whether or not only offer of shares made in such manner shall include a right exercisable by any person concerned to renounce all or any of the shares offered to him in favour of any other person.

Allatment of

Director may attot atteres for consideration office then cach 8. The Directors may allot and issue shares in the Copital of the Company as partly or fully paid in consideration of any property sold or goods transferred or machinery supplied or for services randered to the Company in the conduct of its business and any chares which may be so allotted, may be issued as fully or partly paid-up shares.

Shares to be Numbered The shates in the Capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations.

Actum of effections As regards all allotments made from time to time the Company shall duty comply with Section 75 of the Act.

Residellon on Mormant

- 11. If the Company shall offer any of its stores to the public for subscription.
 - (1) no ellotment thereof shell be made, unless the amount stated in the prospector at the minimum subscription has been subscribed, and the sum payable on application thereof has been paid to and received by the Company.
 - (2) the emount payable on application on each share shall not be less than 5 per cent of the nominal amount of the share; and
 - (3) the Company shall comply with the provisions of sub-section (4) of Section 69 of the Act.

Commission and brokerege 12. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commission conferred by section 78 of the Act provided that the rate parcent of the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the said section and the commission shall not exceed 5 percent of the price at which any shares in respect whereof the same is pold, are issued or 21 percent of the price at which any depending are issued (as the case may be). Such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cesh or the ellotment of fully or partly paid chares or partly in one way and partly in the other. The Company may also on any issue of shares or dependings pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

Shalo et ø disc∵um 13. With the provious authority of the Company in patient acceling and the sanction of the Company the Board Banch and upon otherwise complying with Section 79 of the Act, the Board may issue shares at discount of a class sheady issued.

14. If, by the conditions of issue of any sheets, the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalments shall, when due, he paid to the Company, by the person, who for the time being shall be the registered holder of the ahare or by his executor or administrator.

Instalments on Shores be duly paid

15 The joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly flable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such share Liability of jointholders of charge

16. Save as herein otherwise provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, or as by statute required, be bound to recognise any equitable or other claim to or interest in such share in the part of any other person.

Trest riot

17. Share may be registered in the name of any person. Company or other body corporate. Not more than four persons shall be registered as jointholders of any shares.

Who may be repisted

INCREASE AND REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

18. The Company in general meeting may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by the creation of new shares by such sum, be divided into shares of such amount, as may be deemed expedient.

Power to incre-

19. Subject to any special rights or privileges for the time being attached to any shares in the Capital of the Company then issued, the new shares may be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferrital, qualified or such rights and privileges or conditions thereto as the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof, shall direct, and if no direction be given, the Board shall determine, and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in the distribution of assets of the Company.

On what conditions new sharesmay be issued

19A. Before the Issue of any new sheres, the Company in general meeting, may make provisions as to the allotment and Issue of the new shares and in particular, may determine to whom the shares be offered in the first instance

Provisione retading to the Jerue and whether at par or premium or subject to provisions of section 79 of the Act at a discount. In default of any such provision or so far as the same shall not extend, the new shares may be dealt with in conformity with the provisions of these Articles.

How for new shares to rank existing shares

20. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of the Company and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payment of dividends, pails and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrander and otherwise.

Inequality number of new sharps

21. If, owing to any inequality in the number of new shares to be leaded, and the number of shares held by members entitled to have the offer of such new shares, any difficulty saising in the silotment of such new shares, or any of them amongst the members such difficulty shall, in the absence or any direction in the sesolution creating the shares for by the Company in general meeting be determined by the Board.

Reduction of Capital

- 27. The Company, may, from time to time, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident Capital authorised and consent required by law.
 - (a) Its share capital;
 - (b) any capital rademption teserve account of
 - (c) any share premium account.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

Power to subdivide and consolidate shares

- 23. The Company, by ordinary resolution may from time to time :
 - (a) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing chares.
 - (b) Sub-divide its shares or any of them into chares of smaller amount then as fixed by the Memorandum, so however, that in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and

the amount if any, unpeld on each reduced there shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced there is derived.

- (c) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
- 24. Where any share capital is pub-divided, the Company in general meeting subject to the provisions of Sections, 85, 87, 88 and 106 of the Act, may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more of such shares shall have some preferential or special rights as regards dividend, payment of Capital, voting or otherwise.

Right in respect of shares on subdivision

25. Subject to the provisions of Section 100 to 105 (inclusive) of the Act, the Board may accept from any member the surrender, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed, of all or any of his shares.

Surrender al

VARIATION OF SHARE HOLDER'S RIGHTS

26. If any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares. all or any of the rights and privileges attached to any class (unless otherwise prohibited by the terms of issue of the sheres of that class) may, subject to the provisions of Sections 106 and 107 of the Act whether or not the Company being wound up, he modified, affected, abrogated, varied or dealt with by the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of thet class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at the separate meeting of the holders of the issued shales of that class. To every such separate meeting the provisions of these regulations relating to general meeting shall mututis apply but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one third of the issued share of the class in question. This Article is not by implication to curtail the power of modification which the Company would have if this Article was ommitted. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act as to forwarding a copy of such agreement or resolution to the Registrar.

Power to very rights

SHARE CERTIFICATES

The certificate of title to shares, shall be issued within three months
after afforment (or within such other period as the conditions of the issue
shall provide).

Issue of cettiff-

Member's rights to certificates

- 28. (1) Every person whose name is entered as member in the Register shall be entitled to receive within three months after allotment one certificate for all the shares registered in his name or if the Directors so approve to several certificates each for one or more of such shares.
 - (2) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon.
 - (3) In respect of any shalo held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate to the first person named in the Register shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

issue of certificates to jointholders

29. The certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons shall be delivered to the person first named in the Register.

Replacement of these certificates

30. If any cartificate be old, decispt, workout, torn or defect or where the cages on its several side for recording transfers have been duty utilised, than upon surrander thereof to the Company, the Board shall order the same to be cancelled and issue a new certificate in lieu thereof without any Payment. If any certificate be lost or destroyed, then upon proof of such loss or destruction of the satisfaction to the Board and on such indomnity and the payment of out-of pocket expanses incurred by the Company in investigating evidence, as the Board thinks fit, a new certificate in figure thereof shall be given to the person antified to such lost or destroyed certificate on a less of two rupees for each certificate or such smaller fee as the Board may determine.

CALLS

Calle

31. The Board may, from time to time, subject to the terms on which any shares may have been issued, and subject to the provisions of Section 91 of the Act, made such calls as the Board thinks lit upon the members in respect of all moneys un-paid on the shares held by them respectively, and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each member shell pay the amount of every callso made on him to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Board. Provided that option or right to make call on shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction of the Company in general meeting. A call may be made payable by instalment and shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed meeting of the Board.

32. No call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal emount of a share, be made payable at less than one month from the payament of the lest praceding call. Not less than fourteen days' notice of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment and the person or persons to whom such call shall be paid. Provided that, before the time for payment of such call, the Directors may, by notice in writing to the members, revoke the same or extend the time for payment thereof.

Restriction on power to make calls and police

33. If by the terms of issue of any share or otherwise any amount is made payable at any fixed time or by instalments at fixed times, whether on account of the cominal amount of the shale or by way of premium avery such amount or instalment shall be payable as if it were a cell duly made by the Board and of which due notice has been given and all the provisions herein contained in respect of calls, forfeiture or otherwise shall relate to such amount or instalment accordingly.

When emovest

34. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment be not paid on or before the day appointed for payment, the holder for the time being of the shares in respect of which the call shall have been made, or the instalment shall be due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 12 per cent annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment or at such other rate as the Directors may determine. The Directors may in their absolute discretion waive the payment of interest, wholly, or in part in the case of any payson liable to pay such call or instalment.

When interest on call or instalment payable

35. Subject to the provisions of the law of Evidence and procedure on the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any share holder or his representatives to recover any debt or money claimed to be due the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendent is or was, when the claim tose on the register of the Company as a holder or one of the holders, of the number of shares in respect of which such delin is made, and the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made any call nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made nor that the meeting at which any call was made mor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly converged, or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof the metters afpressed shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

Evidence in action for call

38. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, and either the money or money's worth, all or any part of

Payment of calls in advance

money due upon the shares hald by him beyond the sums actually called for end upon the money so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof as from time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest at such rate as determined by the Board from time to time, unless the Company in General Meeting shall otherwise direct. The Directors may, at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to such member one month's notice in writing. The member shall not however, be antitled to any violing rights or dividend in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would, but for such payment become presently payable.

Voting rights when calls in artself

37. No member shall be untitled to exercise any voting rights either personally or by proxy at any meeting of the Company in respect of any share registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently psychic by him have not been paid or a regard to which the Company has, and has exergised any right of lien.

Reservation of

38. A cell may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Seard.

Directors may extend time for payment of a cell 39. The Directors may, from time to time, at their description extend the time fixed for the payment of any call and may extend such time as to all or any of the members who on occount of residence at a distance or some other cause, may be deemed fairly entitled to such extension, but no member shall, as a matter of right, be entitled to such extension (save as a matter of grace and favour).

Every member to pay the propertion of the capital represented by the share 40. Every member, his executors or administrators strail pay to the Company the proportion of the Capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being, remain unpaid thereon in such amount at such time or times and in such menuer as the Directors shall, from time to time, in accordance with the Company's regulations, require or fix for the payment thereof.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

Notice for payment of cell or instalment

41 If a member fells to pay any sum payable in respect of any call or any instalment of a call on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the said call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on such member requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any

.....

interest which may have accured and all expenses that may have been, incurred by the Campany by reason of such non-payment.

42. The notice aloresald shall name a further day, not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of notice, on or before which the payment required by the notice, is to be made and a place at which such call or instalment and such interest and expenses as eleverald are to be pold. The notice shall state that in the event of non-payment on or before the date so named, the shares in respect of which such call or instalment was payable shall be liable to be toricited.

Mode of Notice

43. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not compiled with, any chares in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter; before the payment of calls or instalments, interest and expenses due in respect has been made, be forteited by a resolution of the Bloard of that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the torteiture.

Fortellure of

44. When any shere shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture end an entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Member but no forfeiture shall in any manner be invalidated by any occasion or failure to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid.

Notice of

45. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit,

Forfeited shares to become property of the Company

46. The Board may at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been sold, realfolled or otherwise disposed of, annual the forfeiture thursof upon such conditions as it thinks fit.

Board may withust forfeiture Arrears to be paid sotwithstanding forelelture.

47. (i) A person whose shares have been torteited shall cease to be a member in respect of forfeited shares but shall notwithstanding forfeiture remain fiable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company ellicalls, instalments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of forieiture, together with interest thereon from the time of forieiture until payment thereof without any deduction or allowence for the value of the shares at the time of forieiture.

(ii) The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in and also of all claims and demand against the Company in respect of the chares and all other rights incidental to the chare except any such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.

Evidence of forteiture

48. Subject to the provisions of the law of Evidence and Procedure, a duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director of the Company, and that certain shares in the Company have been duly toricited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts herein started as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. Such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration, it any, given for the shares on the sale or disposition thereof shall constitute a good title to such shares, and the person to whom the shares are sold shall be registered as the holder of such shares and the purchase money nor shall his title to such shares be allected by any irregularity or involidity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture, sale or position.

Forfalture provision to epply to non-payment in terms of tesse

49. The provisions of these regulation as to folletture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue a share become payable at a fixed time whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same has been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Power to Issue

50. When any shares under the powers on that behalf being contained are sold by the Directors and the certilicate thereof has not been delivered to that Company by the former holder of the said shares, the Directors may issue a new certificate for such shares distinguishing it in such manner as they may think fit from the certificate not so delivered.

Partial payment or any indulgence show mot to preclude forleture 51. Neither the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall, from time to time, be due from any member to the Company in respect of his share, either by way of principal or interest, not any indulgence granted by

the Company in respect of the payment of any such money shell preclude the Directors from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such share as provided in these regulations for non-payment of the whole or any balance due in respect of the shares.

COMPANY'S LIEN ON SHARES

52. The Company shall have a litat and paramount ilen on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time in respect of that share, and on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person for all moneys payable by him or his estate to the company, provided that the Board of Directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clouse. The Company's fian, if any, shall extend to all dividend declared from time to time in respect to such shares. Unless otherwise agreed the registration of a transfer of shares shall operate as a weiver of the Company's lien, if any, on such shares

Company's Ken of Hisras

53. For the purpose of enforcing such tien the Board may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as it thinks fit, but no sale shall be made unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such member his executor of administrator, committee, curator, bonis or other legal representative as the case may be, and default shall have been made by him or them in payment of the sum payable as aloresaid in respect of such share for fourteen days ofter the date of such notice.

Endoresement in Hen by selec

54. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and after payment of the cost of such sale, be applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and the residue, if any, shall subject to like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the share at the date of the sale.

Application of

55. Upon any sale after forfoiture or surrender or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers hereinbefore conferred, the Board may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer the share sold and cause the purchaser, a name to be entered in the flegister in respect of there sold, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings, nor to the application of the purchase money, and after his name has been entered

Validity of sales in exercise of lien and after forefailure into the Register in respect of such share the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person on any ground whatsoever, and the remedy of any person aggrieved by such sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

Board every facus pour estillicates

68. Where any there has been sold by the Board pursuant to these Articles and the certificate in respect thereof has not been delivered to the Company by the former holder of such share the Board may issue a new certificate for such share, distinguishing it in such manner as it may think (it from the certificate so delivered wherein any such case the certificate in respect of the share forfeited and/or sold is not delivered and new certificate for such share has been issued, the original certificate shall be treated as concelled and no claim or title based on such certificate shall be binding on the Company.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION

Execution of transfer side.

57. Save as provided in Section 108 of the Act, no transfer of a shate shall be registered unless a proper instrument duty stamped and executed by or-on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferor and specifying the name, address and occupation of the transferor has been delivered to the Company along with the certificate relating to the shares, or if no such certificate is in existence along with the letter of ellotment of the shares, in accordance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act. The transferor shall be deemed to remain a member in respect of such share until the name of the transferor is entered in the flegister in respect thereof. Each signature to such transfer shall be dufy extested by the signature of one credible witness, who shall add his address and occupation.

Provided that, whereon an application in writing made to the Company by the transferse, and bearing the stamp required for an instrument of transfer, it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board that the instrument of transfer signed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on such terms as to indemnify as the Board may think it.

Application of transfer

B8. Application for the registration of the transfer of a share may be made either by the transferes or the transferor, no registration shall, in the case of the partly paid share, be effected unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferor in the manner prescribed by Section 110 of the Act and

subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Company shall unless objection is made by the transferes within two weeks from the date of receipt of the notice, enter the Register the name of transferes in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for registration of the transfer was made by the transferes.

69. The Board, without essigning any reason for such refusal may, subject to right of appeal conferred by Section 1.11 decline to register (

Diseater may refuse to register Websier

- (a) the transfer of a share not being a full paid share, to a person of whom it does not approve, or
- (b) any transfer of shares on which the Company has a lien;

Provided that registration of transfer shall not be refused on the ground of transferor being either sions or jointly with any other passon or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except a Hen on the shares. If the Directors decline to register any transfer, they shall give notice of such refusel to the transferor and the transferor as required by Section 111 of the Act.

60. Every instrument of transfer of shares shell be in the form prescribed under the Act or as near thereto as the circumstances may admit and shall be in accordance with the provision of Section 108 of the Act, from time to time.

Form of transler

61. No fee may be charged for registration of transfer and transmission.

No lee to be charged for registration of transferse

- 62. No fee will be charged :---
 - (a) For epitting up, sub-division and consolidation or shares and debenture certificates and for apiliting up and sub-division of Letters of Allotment and apiliting consolidation, renewal into denomination corresponding to the market units of trading as per Rules of Stock Exchange concerned.

Fees for splitting of consolidation

- (b) For sub-division of renunciation letters of rights.
- (c) For issue of new certificates in replacement of those which see old decrept or worn out or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfer have been fully utilized.

(d) For registration of any Power of Attorney, Probate of will Letters of Administration or similar other documents.

Provided that in case of splitting up and/or sub-division of shares other than the market units of trading as determined or as per prevailing Rules of Stock Exchange concerned, a fee of Rs. 2/- (two) per share certificate may be charged.

in strument of transfer to be felt at office

63. Every instrument of transfer shall be left at the office of the Company for registration, accompanied by the certificate of the shares to be transferred or if there is no certificate, the futter of Allotment thereto end such other evidence as the Board may required to prove the title of the transferor or his right to transfer the share. The Board may waive the production of any certificate upon evidence to them of its having lost or destruction. Every instrument of transfer which shall be registered, shall be retained by the Company, but any instrument of transfer which the Board may refuse to register shall be retained to the person depositing the same.

Supendon of Panelers

64. Subject to the provisions of Section 154 of the Act, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine.

Provided that, such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or more than torry-five days in the aggregate in any year.

Notice of refusal to registration of transfer

65. If the Board refuse, whether in pursuance of the Article 59 or otherwise, to register the transfer of, or the transmission by operation of law of the right to any afters, the Company shall, within two months from the date on which the instrument of transfer or the intimation of such transmission as the case may be was lodged with the Company, send to the transferce and the transferor or to the person giving Intimation of such transmission as the case may be, notice of such refusal.

Persons entitled to stures by transmission

66. The executors or administrators of a deceased member (not being one of serveral joint-holders) shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such member and in case of the death of any one or more of the joint-holders of any registered

sheres, the survivors shall be the only persons recognised by the Company eshaving any little to or interest in such shares, but nothing therein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person. Before recognising any executor or administrator, Board may require him to obtain a Grant of Probate or Letters of Administration or other legal representation as the case may be from some competent Court. Probate or Letter of Administration or such other legal representation upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Board in its absolute discreption may consider necessary.

67. Any committee or guardien of a functic or Inlant member or any person becoming entitled to transfer share in consequence of the death or bankrupt, insolvency of any member upon producing such evidence that he stratains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this Article, or of the title as the Board thinks sufficent may with consent of the Board (which it shall not be under any obligation to give) be registered as a member in respect of such shares or may subject to the regulations as to transfer herein-before contained, transfer, such shares. This article is hereinafter relevaed to as 'The Transmission Article':

Transfer of ... Misrae of inequior of inequior of inequior of bankrupt magney

68. Any Director may retain the dividend payable upon shares to which any person becomes entitled under Article 67 until such person or his transferee shall become a member in respect of shares.

Rights of persons entitled to theres by rees on of death etc.

- 69. (a) If the person becoming entitled to a share under Article 67 shall elect to be registered as a member in respect of the share himself, he shall deliver or sand to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so efects.
 - (b) If the person elegesald shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testily his election by executing an instrument of transfer of shares.
 - (c) All the limitations, restrictions, and provisions of these Articles relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfer as aforesald as if the death, insanity, bankrupt or insolvency of the member had not accused and the notice of transfer were a transferred signed by that member.
- 70. A person so becoming entitled under the transmission Articles to a share by reason of the death, lunary, bankrupt or insolvency of a member shall,

subject to the provision of Article 106 or Section 206 of the Act, be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he was the member registered in respect of the share.

Provided that the Board may at any time notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the shares and if the notice is not compiled within ninety days, the Board may thereefter withold payment of all dividends, borroses or other money payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been compiled with.

Compay not kisble for disrepard of a sotica purporting propulpic registration of transler

71. The Company shall incur no flability or responsibility whatever in consequence of its registering or to giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any epparent legat owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register) to the projudice of person having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the paid shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice purporting to prohibit registration of such transfer, and may have entered-such notice or referred thereto in any book of the Company and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to a notice, which may be given to it of any equitable right or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting to do so, though it may have been entered or referred to in some books of the Company but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard or attend to any such notice and give affect thereto it the Directors shall so think fit.

No transfer to an infant or 10unmind 72. No transfer shall be made to an infant or person of unsound mind.

SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER

issue of the shat Warrants

73. The Company may Issue share warrants subject to and in accordance with, the provisions of Section 114 and 115 of the Act, and accordingly the Board may in its discretion, with respect to any share which is fully paid-up application in writing signed by the person registered as holder of the share, and authenticated by such evidence (if any) as the Board may, from time to time tequire as to the indentification of the person signing the application, and on receiving the certificates (if any) of the share, and the amount or stamp duty on the warrant and such les as the Board may from time to time require, issue a share warrant.

- 74. (1) The beater of a share wattent may at any time deposit the warrant at the office of the Company, and so long as the wattent remains so deposited, the depositor shall have the same right of signing a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company, and of attending and voting and exercising the other privileges of a member at any meeting held after the expiry of the two clear days from the time of deposit, as if his name were inserted in the Register as the holder of the share included in the deposited warrant.
 - (2) Not more than one person shall be recognised as depositor of the share warrant.
 - (3) The Company shall, on seven days' written notice, return the deposited share warrent to the depositor.
- 75. (1) Subject as herein otherwise provided, no person shall as bearer of a share warrant, sign a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company or attend, or vote or exercise any other privilege of a member at meeting of the company, or be entitled to tocelve any notices from the Company.
 - (2) The beater of a shere warrent shall be entitled in all other respect to the same privitages and advantages as if they were named in the Register of members as the holder of the shares included in the warrant, and he shall be a member of the Company.
- 76. The Soard may, from time to time, make sufes as to the terms on which (if it shall think fit) a new share waitent or coupon may be issued by way of renewed in case of delecament, loss or destruction.

CONVERSION OF SHARE INTO STOCK

- 77. The Company may, by ordinary resolution :
 - (a) Convert any paid-up shares into stock; and
- (b) re-convert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
 78. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same memor us, and subject to the same regulations, under which, the shares from which the stock erose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

Conversion of paid-up share into stock

Transfer Gfelöcks

Provided that the Board may, from time to time fix the nulnimum amount of stock transferable, so however, that such minimum shall not exceed the number amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

Power and eights of stock holders

79. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meeting of the Company, and other matters, as if they hold the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividend and profits of the Company and in the easets on winding-up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, here conferred that privilege or advantage.

Regulations to apply to stock 80. Such of the regulations of the Company (other than those relating to share watrants) as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "Share" and "Share-holder" in those regulations shall include "Stock" and "Stock-holder" respectively.

BORROWING POWERS

Power to begow

81. The Directors may from time to time at their descretion raise or betrow any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company subject to the provisions of Section 292 and 370 of the Act and may secure payment or repayment of same in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as may be prescribed by the Board in particular by the creation of any mortgage, hypothecation, pledge or charge in and over the Company's stocks, book debts and other movable properties.

Conditions on which moneys may be borrowad by the Directors

82. The Directors may raise or secure the repsyment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit and in particular, by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture-stock or any mortgage, charge or other security on the undertaking of the whole or any part of the Company, both present and future, including its uncelled capital for the time being or by giving, accepting or endorsing on behalf of the Company any promissory, notes, bills of exchange or other negotiable instruments and no debenture shall carry voting right whether generally or in respect of a particular class of shares of business.

Delegation of powers 83. If any uncelled capital of the Company be included in or charged by any mortgage or other security, the Board may, by instrument under the Company's seal, delegate the power under Section 292 of the Act to the person in whose fevour such mortgage or security is executed or any other person in trust for him.

84. "Any dependence, dependence-clock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges, as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending at General Meetings of Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise dependence, dependence-attack, bonds or the securities may be made assignable free from any exuities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

lissue et discount etc. or with special privileges

86. Save as provided in Section 108 of the Act no transfer of debantures shall be registered unless a proper instrument of transfer duly etemped and executed by the transferor and transferes has been delivered to the Company together with the cartificates of the refusal.

Instrument of transfer for Deborterse

88. If the Board refuse to register the transfer of any debantures of the Company it shall within two months from the date on which the Instrument of transfer was "fodged with the Company, send to the transferse and to the transferse of the refusal.

Notice of refusal to register transfer

87. If any Director or any other person shall become personally liable for payment of any sum preliminary due from the Company, the Board may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Director or person so becoming fields, as aforesaid, from any loss in respect of such liability.

Execution of charges or mort...

88. The Directors may receive deposits on such terms and conditions and bending interest at such rates as they may decide and the and which may be made payable monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly, subject to the notifications issued from time to time by the Department of Non-Banking Companies. Reserve Bank of India, if any?

Powers to recetive deposite

89. The Company may subject to the provisions of Section 208 of the Act pay interest on so much of the shere begital as is for the time being paid-up as was issued for the purpose of relaing money to delay the expenses of the construction of any work or building or the provision of any plant, which cannot be made profitable for a lengthy paried.

Payment of Intetest on Capital

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETING

90. In addition to any other meetings, a general meeting of the Company shall be held within such interval as on specified in Section 166 (1) of the Act and, subject to the provision of Section 166 (2) of the Act, at such times and places as may be determined by the Board. Each such general meeting shall be called an "Annual General Meeting" and shall be specified as such

When Anguel General Meeting to be held in the notice convening the meeting. Any other meeting of the Company shall be called an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting.

Catiling of aidraordingry General marting 91. The Board may, whenever it thinks fit call an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting. If at any time there are not within India Directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum, the directors present in India may sell an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting in the same manner and an acting as possible so that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

As to omission to give actice 92. The socidental Commission to give notice of any meeting to or the nonreceipt of any such notice by any of the members or other persons entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such meeting.

Chesiston of Members resoluzions 93. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Saction 188 of the Act as to giving notice of resolutions and circulating statements on the requisition of members.

Owersen

94. No business shall be transected at a General meeting of the Company unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Save as herein otherwise provided, live members present in person shall be the quorum for the meeting of the Company.

Passing of

85. Any act or resolution which, under these articles or the Act is permitted or required to be done or passed by the Company in General Macting, shall be sufficiently so done or passed if affected by an ordinary resolution as defined in Section 189 (1) of the Act uniess either the Act or the Articles specifically require such act to be done or resolution to be passed by a specific majority or by special resolution as defined in Section 188 (2) of the Act.

Chairman of the General Meatl-

98. The Chaliman of the Board shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting. If there be no such chairman or if at any meeting he shall not be present within filteen minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting or is unwilling to act, the members present shall choose another Director as Chairman, and if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair then the members present shall choose one of their number entitled to you to be the chairman of the meeting

Dissolution and adjournment of General Mestinot 97. If within half-an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum be not present, the meeting if convened upon the requisition of members shall be dissolved, but, in any other case, it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, and, if at such adjourned meeting, a quorum be not present, those members who are present not being less than two shall be a quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

99. Every question submitted to meeting shall be decided, in the first instance, by a show of hands and in the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or cesting vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a member.

Votes by show of hands

A declaration by the Chaliman the that resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously or by particular majority or lost and an entry to that effect in the minutes shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without further proof.

99. The chairman of a General Meeting may adjourn the same from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business tell untinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

Adjournments of the General Meetings

100. At any General Meeting unless a poll is (before or on the deciation of the result of the voting on any voting on any resolution and on the show of hands) demanded by the Chairman of by at least five members present in person or by proxy or by any member or members present in person or by proxy and having not less than one-tenth of total voting powers in respect of the resolution or by any member or members present in person or by proxy and hadding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote on the resolution being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid-up which is not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid on all the shares conferring that right, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost or not carried by a particular majority and an entity to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour or against the resolution.

What is to be avidence of the passing of a tesolution where poll bot demanded

₽all

- 101. (a) If a poll is demand as algressid it shall be taken forthwith. Poll on a question of adjournment or election of a Chalman of the meeting.
 - (b) The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.
 - (c) Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint two scrutineers, at least one of whom shall be a member (not being an officer employee of the Company) present at the meeting, provided such a member is available, and willing to be appointed, to scrutinise the votes given on the poll and to report thereon to him.

- (d) The result of the poli shall be deemed to be the decision of the meeting on the resolution on which the poli was taken. On poll, a member entitled to more than one vote or his proxy or other persons entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses.
- (e) The demand for a poli shall not prevent the meeting from transacting any business other than the business in respect of which a poli has been demanded.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

Votes of esembors

- 102 Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being exacted to any class or classes of shares :
 - (a) On a show of hands, every member present in person, shall have one vote; and
 - (b) On a poll, the voling rights of members shall be as faid down in Section 87 of the Act.

Voting Rights of prelarential: alsecholders

103. Except as conferred by Section 87 of the Act the holders of Preference shares shall have no voting right. Where the holder of any preference share has a right to vote on any resolution in accordance with provisions of subsection 2 of the Section 87 of the Act his voting right on a poll as the holder of such share shall subject to the provision of Section 89 and sub-section (2) of Section 82 of the Act he in the same proportion as the Capital paid-up in respect of the professions share bears to the total paid-up equity capital of the Company.

Procedure where a Company is a number of the Company

104. Where a Company or body-corporate (herein-after called "momber Company") is a member of the Company a person duly appointed by resolution in accordance with Section 187 of the Act to represent such number Company at a meeting of the Company, shall not by reason of such appointment, be deemed to be a proxy, and the production at the meeting of a copy of such resolution duly signed by the one Director of such member Company and certified by him as a true copy of the resolution shall, on production at the meeting be accepted by the Company as sufficient evidence of the validity of his appointment. Such a person shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers. Including the right to vote by proxy on behalf of the member Company or body-corporate which he represents as that member Company or body-corporate which he represents as that member Company or body-corporate ould exercise if it were an individual member.

Vote by joint-holders

105. Where there are joint-registered holders of any shares any one of such person may vote at any meeting either personally or by Proxy in respect of

such share as if he were solely entitled thereto; and it more than one of euch joint-holders be present at any manting either personally or by proxy than one of the said persons so present whose name stends first in the Register in respect of such chares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrator of a deceased member in whose name envishes stands shall for thepurpose of this Article be deemed joint-holders thereof.

106. Any person entitled under the Transmission Article 67 to transfer any shares may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that forty-eight hours at least before the time of holding the meeting of adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of the right to transfer such shares, or the Director shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof. If any member be a function, idios or non-conpos-mentis he may vote whether on a show of hands or at a poil by his committee, curator banis or other legal curator and such test mentioned persons may give their votes by proxy on a poil. If any member is a minor, the vote in respect of his chere may be given by his guardian. If more, then one person claim to exercise the right of vote under this clause, the Chairman of the meeting may elect in his absolute discretion any one person and will accept his vote.

Vote in respect of detressed involvent is minor members

107. No member not present in person shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands, unless such members is a Company or corporation present by proxy or by a representative duly authorised under Section 187 of the Act. In which case such proxy or representative may vote on the show of hands as if he were a member of the Company.

Voting dights on show of Minds

108. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy or in the case of a Company, by a representative duly authorised as aloresaid.

Proxim permited

109. Any member of a Company entitled to attend one vote at meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person (whether a member or not), as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself but the proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting and shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll

Appointment of Directors

110. The instrument of appointing a proxy shall be in writing, under the hand of the appointer or his atterney duly authorised in writing or. It such appointer is a body corporate under its common seal or the hand of its atterney duly authorised. A proxy who is appointed for a specified meeting only shall be called a special proxy. Any other proxy, shall be called a general proxy.

instrument oppointing proxy

111. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of Attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notatial certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the office not less than forty eight

Proxies to be deposited at the office

1

hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default, the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

When Yold by proxy velid through Authority revoked 112. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or instally of the principal or revocation of the instrument or transfer of the shares in respect of which the vote is given, provided no interestion in writing of the death, inscriby revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at the office before the meeting Provided nevertheless, that the Chairman of any meeting shall be entitled to require such evidence as he may in this discretion think fit of the due execution of an instrument of proxy and that the same has not been revoked.

Form of proxy

113 Every instrument appointing a special proxy shall as nearly as circumstances admit, be in any of the forms as set out in Schedule IX to the Act.

Restriction on Voting 114 No member shall be antitled to exercise any voting rights, either personally or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has, and has exercised any right of lien.

Admission or rejection of votes

- 115. (a) Any objection as to the admission or rejection of a vote, on a show of hands or on a pell made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting who shall forthwith determine the same and such decision shall be final and conclusive.
 - (b) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any votes except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.

DIRECTORS

Number of Directors 110. Until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, the number of Directors of the Company shall not be less than three and not more than Twelve.

Sitting fee

117. Every Director shall be paid out of the funds of the Company by way temuneration for his services not exceeding Rs. 250/- for each meeting of Board of Directors or committee thereof ottended by him as the Board may determine from time to time.

118. The following persons shall became and be the first directors of the Company:—

First directors

- 1. MR. ALIHUSSAIN SAIFUDDINBHAL
- 2. MR. MOIZ ABBASBHAI
- 3. MR. MOHAMMED YUSUFBHAL

119. Notwithstanding enything to the contrary contained in these Articles, so long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to the industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI), Industrial Finance Corporation of India (IFCI), the Industrial Credit and Investment Corporation of India Limited (ICICI) and West Bengal Industrial Development Corporation Limited (WBIDC) or to any other Finance Corporation or credit Corporation or to any other Financing Company or Body out of any loans granted by them to the Company or so long as 1081, IFCI, ICICI and WBIDC or any other Financing Company or or Body (each of which IDBI, IFC), ICICI and WBIDC or other Finance Corporation or Credit Corporation or any other Financing Company or Body is hereinalter in this Article referred to as "the Corporation") continue to hold shares in the company as a result of underwriting or direct subscription, the Corporation shell have a right to appoint from time to time, any person 'Or persons as a Director of Directors, whole time or non-whole time. (which Director or Directors 1s/are hereinafter referred to as "Numinee Director/s") on the Board of the Company and to remove from such office any person or persons so appointed and to appoint any person or persons in his or their place/s.

Appointment of Nomines disectors by financial institution

The Board of Directors of the Company shall have no power to remove from office the Nominee Director/s. At the option of the Corporation such Nominee Director/s shall not be required to hold any share qualification in the Company. Also at the option of the Corporation such Nominee Director/s shall not be liable to retirement by rotation of Directors. Subject as aloresaid, the Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges and be subject to the same obligations as any other Director of the Company.

The Nomines Director/s so appointed shall hold the said office only so long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to the Corporation or so long as the Corporation holds shares in the Company as a result of underwriting or direct subscription and the Nomines Director/s so appointed in exercise of the said power shall loso facto vacate such office immediately after the moneys owing by the Company to the Corporation is paid off or on the Corporation ceasing to hold shares in the Company.

The Nomines Director/s appointed under this Article shall be entitled to receive all notices of and attend all Geneal Meetings, Board Meetings and of

the Meetings of the Committee of which the Nomines Director/s is/are member/s as also the minutes of such meetings. The Corporation shall also be entitled to receive all such notices and minutes.

The Company shall pay to the Nomines Director/s sitting less and expenses which the either Directors of the Company are entitled to but if any other less, commission, moneys or remuneration in any form is payable to the Directors of the Company, the fees, commission, moneys and remuneration in relation to such Nomines Director/s shall accure to the Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation. Any expenses that may be incurred by the Corporation or such Nomines Director/s in connection with their appointment or Directorship shall also be paid or reimbursed by the Company to the Corporation or as the case may be to such Nomines Director/s.

Provided that if any such Nominee Director/s is an officer of the Corporation the sitting fees, in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall elso accure to the Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation.

Provided also that in the event of the Nominee Director/s being appointed as wholetime Director/s such Nominee Director/s shall exercise such powers and duties as may be approved by the Corporation and have such rights as are usually exercised or available to a whole time Director, in the management of the effaits of the borrower. Such Nominee Director/s shall be antitled to receive such remuneration, fees, commission and moneys as may be approved by the Corporation.

increase or radiaction in symber of directors 120 The Company in the General Meeting, may subject to provisions of " the Articles 116 and Section 259 of the Act by ordinary coscilution increase or reduce the number of its Directors.

Power to appoint additional directors

121. The Directors shall have powers at any time and from time to time to appoint any other person as a Director either to till up a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number fixed by the Articles. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the conclusive of the next following Annual General Meeting of the Company but shall be eligible for re-election at such meeting.

Alternate Directors 172. Subject to the provisions of Section 313 of the Act or any statutory modifications thereof, the Board shall have power to appoint any person to act as afternate director for a director during the latter's absence for a period of not less than three months from the state in which meetings of the directors are

ordinarily held and such appointment shall have effect and such appointee, whilst he holds office as an alternate director, shall be entitled to notice of meetings of the Board and to attend and vote thereat accordingly; but he shall not require any qualification and shall "ipso facto" vacate office if and when the absent Director returns to the state in which meetings of the Board are ordinarily held or the absent director vacates office as a director.

123. A Director need not hold any share in the Company in his name as his qualification, but nevertheless shall be entitled to attend, speak and preside at any general meeting of the Company and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of share in the Company.

Directors nase not hold any qualification phases

124. Unless otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, each Director, other than the whole time paid Directors, shell be paid Rz. 250/or (as may be decided by Board from time to time) for each meeting of the Board of Director or a Committee thereof attended by him. The Directors may also be paid all the expenses as decided by the Board from time to time in attending the meeting of the Board or a Committee of Board.

Remoneration of Director

125. In addition to the temuneration payable to the Directors under Article 124 hereof, the Directors may be paid all reasonable travelling, hotel and other expenses in attending and returning from the meetings of the Board of Directors or any Committee thereof or in connection with the business of the Company.

Expenses of Objectors

126. Subject to Sections 198, 309, 310, and 314 of the Act, if any Director or Directors being willing shall be called upon to perform extra service or to make any special exertion in going or residing outside the office for any of the purpose of the Company or in giving special attention to the business of the Company, the Board may remunerate such Director either by fixed sum or by a percentage of profit or otherwise and such remuneration may by either in addition to or substitution for any remuneration to which the may be ordinably entitled.

Extra remunera tion of Oirectors

127. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board but, it and so long as their number is reduced below the quarum fixed by these presents for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quarum, or of summoning of general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.

Directors may act notwithstanding vacancy

- 128. (1) The Office of a Director shall 'ipso facto' become vacont if :
 - (a) he is found to be of unsound mind by a Court of Competent jurisdiction"; or

- (b) he applies to be adjudicated as an insolvent ; or
- (c) he is adjudged an insolvent; or
- (d) he is convicted by a Court of any offence involving moral trumplitude and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months; or
- (e) he fells to pay any call in respect of shores in the Company hold by him whother slone or jointly with others within six morths from the last date fixed for the payment of the call unless the Central Government has by notification in the official Gazette, removed the disqualification incurred by such failure; or
- (f) he absents himself from three consecutive meetings of the Board or from all meetings of the Board for a continuous period of the months, whichever is the longer without obtaining leave of absence from the Board; or
- (g) he (whether by himself or by any person for his benefit of his account) or any film of which he is a partner, or any private company of which he is a director, accepts a form, or any guerontee or security for a loss from the Company in contravention of Section 295 of the Act; or
- (h) he acts in contravention of Section 299 of the Act ; or
- (i) he becomes disqualified by an order of the Court Section 203 of the Act; or
- (j) he is removed in pursuance of Section 284 of the Act; or
- (k) having been appointed a Director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the Company is causes to hold such office or other employment in the Company; or
- (f) by notice in writing to the Company he resigns his office; or
- (m) any office or place of profit under the Company or under any subsidiary of the Company is held in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 314 of the Act and by operation of that Section he is deemed to vacate office.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything in clauses (c), (d) and (i) the disquelification referred in those clauses shall not take effect:
 - (a) for thirty days from the date of the adjudication or sentence:
 - (b) where any appeal or petition is preferred within the thirty days aforestid against the adjudication, sontones or convic-

tion resulting in the sentence, until the expiry of seven days from the date on which such appeal or petition is disposed of ; or

- (c) where within the seven days aforesaid, any further appeal or petition is preferred in respect of the adjudication, sentence conviction and the appeal or petition, of allowed, would result in the removal of the disqualification, until such further appeal or petition is disposed of.
- 129. A director of the Company may be or become a director of any Company promoted by this Company or in which it may be interested as vendor, shareholder or otherwise, and no such directors shall be accountable for any benefits received as director or member of such Company.

Directors may be directors of comparties promoted by the Company

130. Subject to the provisions of Section 297, 299 to 301 of the Act, a director shall, not be disqualified from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser or otherwise for goods, materials or services or for underwriting the subscription of any shares in or debentures of the Company nor shall any such contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with a relative of such director or a firm in which such director or relative is a partner or which any other partner in such firm or with a private Company of which such Director is a member or Director be vold, nor shall any Director so contracting, or being such members o interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit restised by such contract or arrangement by reason of such director holding that office or of the liduciary telephon thereby established.

Conditions under which directors may contract with the Company

APPOINTMENT REMOVAL & ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

- 131. (a) At an Annual General Macting at which a Director retires by rotation the Company may fill up the vacancy by appointing the ratining Director or some other person thereto. If the piece of the retiring Director is not so tilled and the mosting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or if that day is a public holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday, at the same time and piece.
- Vacancies to be litted in Annual General Meeting
- (b) If at the edjourned meeting also the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill up the vacancy, the settring Director shall deemed to have been re-appointed at the adjourned moeting, unless :

- at that meeting or at the previous meeting a resolution for the re-appointment of such Directors has been put and lost; or
- (iii) the tetiring Director has, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company or the Stoard, expressed his unwillingness to be so re-appointed; or
- (III) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment; or
- (iv) a resolution, whather special or ordinary is required for his appointment or re-appointment in virtue of any provisions of the Act; or
- (v) the provision to sub-section (2) of section 263 of the Act is applicable to the case.

Power to remove Directors

132. The Company may, subject to the provisions of Section 284 of the Act by ordinary resolution of which special notice according to section 190 of the Act has been given, remove any Director before the expiry of his period of office and may be ordinary resolution of which special notice has been given, appoint another passon in his stead. A Director so appointed shall hold office until the date upto which his predecessor would have held office if he had not been so removed. If the vacancy created by the removal of a Director under the provisions of this Article is not so fitted by the meeting at which he is removed the Board may at any time thereafter till such vacancy under the provisions of Article 133.

Board may Mi expusi Vacancies

133. If the office of any Director appointed by the Company in General Meeting is vocated before his term of office will expire, in the normal course, the sesuiting vacancy may be filled by the Board at a meeting of the Board, but any person so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the Director in whose place has is appointed would have held office if it had not been so vacated, provided that the Board shall not till such a vacancy by appointing thereto any person who has been removed from the office of Director under Article 132.

Notation B Retkement of Oktober

134. (a) At every Annual General Meeting one-third of such Director for the time being as are liable to tettre by sotetion or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the member necess to one-third shall retke from effice. The sothing Director shall retain his office until dissolution of the meeting at which his successor is elected. An ex-office Director shall not be liable to ratice by rotation within the meaning of this Article.

- (b) The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been largest in office since their last election, but as between person who became Directors on the same day those to retire shall unless they otherwise agree emongst themselves, be determined by lot.
- 135. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

136. No person not being a retiting Director shall be aligible for election to the office of Director at any General Meeting, unless he or some other member intending to propose him has, not less than fourteen days and not more than two months before the meeting left at the office a notice in writing duly signed, signifying his candidature for the office of Director or the Intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that office, as the case may be.

When candidate for Office of Disclor must give notice file consent in writing

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

137. (a) The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, and may adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they may think fit.

Meetings of Directors

- (b) The Cheliman, Director or any officer authorised by the Directors may call a meeting of the Board of Directors.
- (c) Subject to the provisions of Section 318, 372(5) and 386 of the Act, questions erising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes and in case of any equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
- 138. (a) Notice of every meeting of the Board or a Committee thereof shall ordinadly be given in writing to every Director for the time baing at his usual address.

Notices

- (b) It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being away from India.
- 139. (a) A quorum for the meeting of the Board of Directors shall be one-third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one) or two Directors whichever is higher. Provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceed or is equal to two-thirds of the total strength, the number of remaining Directors that is to say the number of Directors who are not interested, present at the meeting being not less than two shall be the quorum during such time.

Quotom

(b) If a quorum shall not be present within filteen minutes from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Board, it shall be adjourned until such date and time as the Chairman shall appoint.

Director may symmetry meetings 140. The Chaliman may and on the requisition of a Director shall at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.

Powers to appoint Chakman 141. The Directors may choose some one of their number to be Chairman and the Director so chosen shall continue as Chairman until otherwise determined by the Board, if et any meeting of the Board, the Chairman be not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same the Directors present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting,

Powers of the Board arestings

142. A meeting of board at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under the Articles or the Act for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board.

Power to appoint committee and to delegate powers

143. Subject to the provision of Section 292 of the Act, the Board may from time to time delegate any of its powers to committee consisting of such member or members of their body, managers and other officers of the Company as it may think fit, and may from time to time ravoke such delegation. Any committee so formed shall, in exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee, consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions heroinafter contained requisting the meeting and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under this Ciouse.

Resolution vishout Board Mening volid 144. All acts done at any meetings of the Directors or of a Committee or by any person acting as a Director, shall notwithstanding that it may afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Directors or person acting as aloresaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified... be as valid as if every such Director or person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director or a member of a Committee.

Resolution without Board Meeting Yalid 145. Save for the purposes of Sections 262, 292, 297, 316, 372(5) and 388 of the Act a resolution shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a Meeting of the Directors or of the Committee thereof duly called and constituted if it is circulated in draft together with the necessary papers, if any to all the Directors or to all the members of the Committee, then in India (not being less in member than the quorum fixed for a mosting of the Board or Committee, as the case may be) and to all other Directors or members at their usual address in India and has been approved by such of the Directors or mem-

bers as are then in India or by a majority of such of them, as are entitled to vote on the resolution.

POWERS OF THE BOARD

- 146. Subject to the provisions of the Act control of the Company shall be vested in the Board, who shall be entitled to exercise all such powers and to do all such ects and things as the Company is authorised to exercise and do; provided that the Board shall not exercise any power or do any act or thing which is directed or required whether by the Act or any other statute or by the Memorendum of the Company or by these Articles or other wise, to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting. Provided, further, that in exercising any such powers or doing and such act or thing, the Board shall be subject to the provisions in that behalf contained in the Act or any other statute, or in the Memorandum of Association of the Company or in these Articles, or in any regulations made by the Company in General Meeting but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting but no regulations made by the Company in General Meeting but no been made.
- 147. The Company may exercise the powers conferred on it by Sections 157 and 158 of the Act with regard to keeping of a foreign Register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of those sections) made and very such regulation as it may think fit in respect of the keeping of any such register.

Power to keep toreign register

148. Every debenture or other Instrument issued by the Company for securing the payment of the money may be so framed that the moneys thereby secured shall be assigned free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. Any debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other instruments or accurities may be issued at a discount, promium or otherwise and may be issued on a condition that they shall be convertable into any shares of any denomination, and with any special julylinger as to redemption, succender, drawing and ellotment of shares or otherwise, provided that the debentures with right to convension into or allotment of shares shall not be issued without consent of the Company in General Meeting.

Debeniures

149. The Directors may at any time pay or agree to pay commission to any person in consideration of the subscribing underwriting or agreeing to subscribe or underwrite. (Whether absolutely or conditionally) any debantures of the Company, but so that if the commission shall be paid or be payable out of the capital the statutory condition and requirements shall be observed and complied with and the commission shall not exceed two and a stall per cent of the face value of the debantures.

Directors may pay commission

150. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundres, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for the moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed

Orawings etc. of nogotlable and other instruments as the case may be, by the managing Director or by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.

Management of Company's Alfairs abroad 151. The Board may make such arrangements as may be thought lit for the management of the Company's effairs abroad and may for this purpose. (Without projudice to the generality of their powers) appoint local officers and lix their remuneration and delegate to them such powers as may be deemed required or expedient. The foreign seat shell be affixed by the authority and in the presence of, any instruments sealed therein shall be signed by such persons so the Board shall from time to time by writing under the seal appoint. The Company may also exercise the powers of keeping Foreign Register.

Specific powers given to the Directors

- 152. Without projudice to the General powers conferred by these presents put, subject however to Sections 292, 293, 294, 295, 297, and 314 of the Act it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the following powers that is:—
 - To pay the costs, charges, preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.
 - (2) To pay for any property, rights or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company either wholly or partially in cests or in shares, bonds debentures or other securities of the Company and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid-up thereon as may be agreed upon, and any such bonds, debenture or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of Company and its uncelled capital or not so charged.
 - (3) To purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, tights or privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire at such price and generally on such terms and conditions as they think (it.
 - (4) To secure the fulfilment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company or in such other manner as they may think fit.
 - (5) To appoint and their discretion remove or suspend such managers, secretaries, experts and other officers, clarks, agents and servants for permanent, temporary or special services, as they may from time to time think till and determine their powers and duties and fix their salaties or emoluments and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they think fit.

- (6) To appoint any person (whether incorporated or not) to accept, and to hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company or in which it is interested or for any other purposes and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be requisite in relation to any such trust and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.
- (7) To institute, conduct, delend, compound, refer to erbitration or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers or otherwise concerning the affects of the Company and also to compound and allow time for payment in satisfaction of any debts, dues and of any claims or demands by or against the Company and act on behalf of the Company in all matters to bankrupts and insolvents and apply and obtain letters of administration, provided that the Board shall not except with the consent of the general meeting remit or give time for the repayment of any debt due by a Director.
- (8) To teler any claims or demands by or against the Company or to enter into any contract or agreement for reference to arbitration and to observe, enforce, perform, compound or challenge such awards and to take proceedings for the reverse of the same.
- (9) To make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for money payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.
- (10) To act as trustees in Composition of the Company's debtors.
- (11) To make, vary and repeal bye-laws for regulation of business of the Company and the duties of officers and servants.
- (12) Subject to the provisions of the Act and in particular subject to Sections 309 and 310 of the Act; to give a Director or any officer or any other person whether employed or not by the Company a commission on the profits of any perticular business or transaction or a share in the general profits of the Company, and such commission or share of profit shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company.
- (13) At any time and from time to time by power of Attorney under the seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to be the attorney of the Company in India or abroad for such purposes 6 with such powers, authorities and discretions and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Directors may from time to time think fit; and any such appointment may be made in favour of any Company, or the Members, Directors, Rominees or Managers of any Company

or time or otherwise in favour of fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the directors and any such power or attorney may contain such powers enabling any such delegates or attorneys as aforesaid sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion for the time being vested in them.

- (14) With the senction of the board to execute in the name and on behalf of the Company, in layour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability for the benefit of the Company such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they think fit, and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and any such powers, convenient and provisions as shall be agreed upon or other agreements as may be thought fit.
- (15) In conformity with Section 293(1)(c) and 372 of the Act to invest and deal with any of the moneys of the Company in such manner as they may think fit and from time to time to vary or easilise such investments.
- (16) To enter into all such negotiations and contracts, rescind and vary all such contracts and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purpose of the Company.
- (17) To act jointly at severally in all or any of the powers conterted on them
- (18) To comply with the requirements of the Act or any other total (aw which in their opinion shall, in the interests of the Company be necessary or expedient to comply with.
- (13) To delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in them and in particular, from time to time to provide by the appointment of an attorney or attorneys for the management and transaction of the atlairs of the Company in any specified locality in such manners as they may think fit.
- (20) To provide for the welfere of employees of ex-employees of the Compeny and the wives, widows and femilies of the dependents or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses dwalling or cliewis or by grants of money, pensions, allowances, boruses or other payment or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident land, and other associations, institutions, funds or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards.

places of instructions, recreations, hospitals and dispensaries and all other kinds of medical relief.

- (21) Subject to Section 293 (1) (e) of the Act to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, national, social, scientific, literary, educational, medical or other institutions the object of which shall have any moral or other claim for support or aid by the Company either by reason of locality of operation or of public and General utility or otherwise. But not intended to serve any political cause or purpose.
- (22) To open and deal with the current accounts, overdraft accounts and any other accounts with any bank or banks for carrying on business of the Company
- (23) Subject to Section 293 (1) (a) of the Act to sell or dispose any of properties of the Company to any person in consideration of cash payment in lump sum or by instalments or in return for any other service randered to the Company.
- (24) To get insured any or all the properties of the Company and any or all the employees and their dependents against any or all risks.
- (26) To appoint and nominate any person or persons to act as proxy or proxies for the purpose of attending or voting on behalf of the Company at a meeting of any Company or association
- (28) Subject to Section 294 of the Act to appoint purchasing and selling agents for the purchase and the sale of Company's requirement and products respectively.
- (27) Subject to Section 293 (1) (a) of the Act to give away in charity moneys received from any sources whatever or from any assets of the Company for any charitable purposes.
- (28) Before declaring any dividend to set aside such portion of the profit of the Company as they may think fit, to form a fund to provide for the pension, gratuities or compensation or create a provident fund or benefit fund in such manner as the Directors may deem fit.
- (29) To realise, compound and allow time for the payment or satisfaction of any debts due to or by the Company and any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration and observe and perform the awards.
- (30) To betrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the Company shall think fit and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture-stock, perpetual or otherwise.

charged upon all or any of the Company's property (both present and future) including its uncetled capital and to purchase, redeem or pay of any such securities.

LOCAL MANAGEMENT

Local Management 153. The Directors may from time to time provide for the 'Menagement' and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality whether at home or abroad in such manner as they think lit, and the provisions contained in the three next following Articles shall be without prejudice to the general powers conteined by this Article but subject to the provisions of the Sections 292 to 297 of the Act.

Local Board Delegation

- 164. The Directors from time to time, and et any time may establish any local offices for managing any of the attains of the Company in any such specified, locality and may appoint any persons to be officers of such local offices, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration. And the Directors from time to time, and at any time may subject to the provisions of Sections 292 to 297 of the Act delegate to any person so appointed any of the powers and authorities and discretions for the time being vested in them and may authorise the members for the time being of any such local offices or any of them to fill up any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies and any such appointment of delegation may be made on such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fill and the Directors may any time temove any person so applied, and any annual or vary any such delegation.
- 155. The Director may at any time, and from time to time by powers of attorney under the Company's seal appoint any person or persons to be the attorneys of the Company for such purposes and subject to the provisions of Sections 292 to 297 of the Act with such powers, authorities and discreation not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under those presents and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Directors may from time to time think fit, and any such appointment may, if the Directors think fit, be made in layour of the members or of any Company or of the members, directors, nominces or managers of the Company of firm or in favour of any fluctuating body persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection or conveniences of persons dealing with such attorneys as the Directors think fit.

Sub-delegation

156. Any such delegates or attorneys aforesaid may be authorised by the Directors to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discreation for the time being vested in them.

MANAGING/WHOLE-TIME DIRECTORS

Angointment of Managing/wholelime Director 157. The Company by ordinary resolution or the Directors may, subject to the provisions of Sections 258 and 269 of the Act, from time to time appoint one

or more of the Directors to be Managing Director or Managing Directors or other whole time Directors of Company for a term not exceeding live years at a time and may from time to time subject to the provisions of any contract between Julia or them and the Company remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places.

158. A Managing or whole-time Director shall not, white he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement by rotation and he shall not be seckoned as a Director for the purpose of determining the rotation of retirement of Director of in lixing the number of Directors to ratire, but subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company he shall be subject to the provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company and he shall 'ipso facto' and immediately, cease to be a Managing Director or whole-time Director if he ceases to be Director from any cause.

What provisions to will subject to

- 159. Subject to the provision of Sections 309, 310 and 311 of the Act. a Managing Director or whole-time Director shall, in addition to the usual semuneration payable to him as a Director of the Company under these Articles, receive such additional remuneration as may from time to time be sanctioned by the Company and may be by way of fixed salary or at a specified percentage of the net profits of the Company or both provided that such percentage shall not exceed five per cent for any one Managing or whole-time Director and len per cent for all of them together.
- 160. The Directors may, subject to the provisions of Sections 291 to 297 of the Act, from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director or whole-time Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think (if, and may confer such powers for such time end to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions, and with such restrictions as they think expedient; and they may confer such powers differ collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, after or very all or any of such powers.

MANAGER

(61. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have powers to appoint or employ any person to be the Manager of the Company upon such terms and conditions as the Board thinks fit, and the Board may, subject to the provisions of Sections 291 of the Act, vest in such manager such of the powers vested in the Board generally, as it thinks fit, and such powers may be made exercisable for such periods, and upon such conditions and subject to such restrictions as it may determine, and at such remuneration as it may think fit.

Director may be appointed so manager

162. A Director may be appointed as Manager.

SECRETARY

Secretary

163. The Board may from time to time appoint or employ any person to be the secretary of the Company upon such terms, conditions and remuneration as it thinks fit to perform any functions which by the Act or the Articles for the time being of the Company are to be performed by the Secretary, and to execute any other purely ministerial or administrative duties which may from time to time be assigned to the Secretary by the Board. The Board may also at any time appoint some person (who need not to be the Secretary) to keep the regulared to be kept by the Company.

Director may be appointed as Secretory

164. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Director may be appointed as Secretary.

THE SEAL

Directors to provide a common Seal add its Cestody

165. (a) The Directors shall provide a common seal for the purpose of the Company and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof and the Directors shall provide for the sale custody of the seal for the time being.

Use of Seel

(b) The Seat shall not be affixed to any instruments except in the presence of Two Directors or an officer duty authorised who shell sign every instrument which seat shall be affixed, provided, nevertheless, that any instrument other than a share certificate bearing the seat of the Company and issued for valuable consideration shall be binding on the Company notwithstanding any irregularity touching the authority of the Board to issue the same. Provided further that in respect of Issue of Share Cartificates the provisions of the Companies (Issue of Share Cartificates) Rules, 1960, shall apply

Official Seal for use outside India

(c) The Directors may provide for use in any territory outside India an official seal subject to the provisions of Section 50 of the Act

ANNUAL RETURNS

Annual Returns

166. The Company shall make the requisite Annual Return. In accordance with Sections 159 and 161 of the Act.

RESERVES

157, Subject to the provisions of the Act the Board may from time to time, before recommending any divided set a part any such portion of the profits of the Company as it thinks tit as reserves to meet contingencies or for the Equidation of any debentures, debts or the liabilities of the Company or for equalization of dividends or for repairing, improving or maintaining any of the property of the Company and for such other purposes of the Company as the Board in its absolute discretion thinks conducive to the interest of the Company, and may. subject to the provisions of Section 372 of the Act, invest the several sums so set aside upon such investments (other than shares in the Company) as it may think fit, and may from time to time deaf with and very such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, and may divide the reserves into such special funds as it thinks tit, with full power to employ the reserves or any part thereof in the business of the Company, and that without being bound to keep the same separated from the other assets. The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may think prudent not to divide without setting them aside as a reserve.

168. All money carried to the reserves shall nevertheless remain and be the profit of the Company applicable, subject to due provisions being made for actual loss or depreciation, for the payment of dividends and such moneys and all other moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purposes of the Company may subject to the provisions of Sections 370 and 372 of the Act, be invested by the Board in or upon such investments or securities as it may select or may be used as working capital or be kept at any Bank of deposit or otherwise as the Board may from time to time think proper

investment of the money

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

169. (1) The Company in General Meeting may, upon the recommandation of the Board, resolve.

Capitalisation

- (a) to capitalise whole or any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise evaluable for distribution; and
- (b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto it distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
- 2) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash, but shall be applied, subject to the provisions contained in clause (3), either in or towards:-

- Paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively.
- (ii) Paying up in full, unissued shares, debentures or debenture stock of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to be and amongst such members in the proportion aforesaid; or
- (iii) Partly in the way specified in sub-clause (1) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (ii).
- (3) A share premium account and a capital redemption reserve fund may, for the purposes of this Article, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.
- (4) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this Article.

Board may make apportionments etc.

- 170. (1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed; the Board shall :-
 - (a) make all appropriation and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and
 - (b) Generally do all acts and things required to give effect hereto.
 - (2) The Board shall have full power :-
 - (a) to make such provision, by the issue of fractional cartilicates or by payment in cash of otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and also
 - (b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares or debontures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation of (as the case may require) for the payment by the Company on their behalf by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares.
 - (3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members

INTEREST OUT OF CAPITAL

171. Where any shares are issued for the purposes of raising money to deleay the expenses of the construction of any work or buildings, or the provisions of any plant, which cannot be made profitable for a lengthy period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being-paid up, for the period, at the rate and subject to the conditions and the restrictions imposed by Section 208 of the Act and may charge the sum so paid by way of interest to Capital as part of the cost of construction of the work or building or the provisions of plant.

interest aut of capital

DIVIDENDS

172. Subject to the rights of members entitled to a share (if any) with preferential or special rights attached thereto the profits of the Company which shall from time to time be determined to divide in respect of any year or other Period shall be applied in the payment of a dividend on the Equity Share of the Company but so that holder of partly paid-up share shall be only entitled to such a proportion of the distribution upon a fully paid-up share proportionately to the amount paid or credited thereon during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but if any share is issued on terms of providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly. Where capital is paid up in advance of calls upon the footing that the same shall carry interest such capital shall not whilst carrying interest confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.

How profit shell be divisible

173. The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorised to be created by these presents and subject to the provisions of these Articles, shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the ensount of capital pold up on the shalls held by them respectively.

Dividends

174. The Company in general meeting may declare a dividend to be paid to the members according to their rights and interests in the profits and may, subject to the provisions of Section 207 of the Act, fix the time for payment.

Decimation of Dividends

175. 'No larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Board, but the Company in general meeting may declare a smaller dividend.

Amount of Dividends

176. No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company or out of moneys provided by the Central or State Government for the payment of dividend in pursuance of any guarantee given by such Government and no dividend shall carry interest against the Company.

Dividends out of profits only

177. The declaration of the Board as to the amount of net profits of the Company shall be conclusive, subject to the provisions of the Act.

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178. The Directors, if in their opinion, the position of the Company justifies may from time to time without the sanction of a general meeting pay interim dividends to one or more classes of shares to the exclusion of others at rates which may be differing from class to class and when declaring such dividend they should satisfy themselves that the preference chares which have prior claim in respect of payment of dividend shall have their entire rated dividend at the time of finel preparation of the accounts for the period.

Dabits may be deducted

179. No member shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend in respect of his share or shares whilst any money may be due or owing from him as is presently payable to the Company in respect of such share or alteres or otherwise on account of any debts, liabilities or engagements of the members of the Company, either alone or jointly with any other person or persons, and the Directors may deduct from the dividend or interest payable to any member all sums of money so due from him to the Company.

Dividend all together 180. Any general meeting declaring a dividend may adjust a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him end so that the call who made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may if so arranged between the Company and the member, be set off against the debt. The making of a call under this Article shall be deemed ordinary business of an ordinary meeting which declares dividend.

Elfact to transfer

161. A transfer of share shall not pass the right to any dividuod declared thereon before the registration of the Company.

Retaining of dividend ender Transmission Cisuse

182. The Directors may retain in the dividends payable upon strates in respect of which any person is under the Transmission Article entitled to become a member of which any person under that Article is entitled to transfer until such person shall become a member in respect thereof or shall duly transfer the same.

Retaining of dividend on which the Company has tien. 183. The Directors may retain any dividend on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the dobts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.

Joint-kolders

184. Any one of several persons who are members registered jointly in respect of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends, bonuses and other payments in respect of such shares.

Notice of any Dividend

185. Notice of any dividend whether interim or otherwise stall be given to the person entitled to share therein the manner hereinalter provided.

186. Unless otherwise directed in accordance with Section 206 of the Act, any dividend may be paid by chieque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member or person entitled thereto, or in the case of joint-holders to the registered address of that one whose name stands flirst on the register in respect of the joint-holding or to such person and at such address as the member or person entitled or such joint-holders as the case may be, may direct, and every chaque or warrant so sent shall be made payable to the order of the person to whomit is sent or to the order of such other person as the member or person entitled or such joint-holders as the case may be, may direct.

Payment by post

187. Any dividend unclaimed shall be deposited in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Unctelmed dividends

188 The Company shall not be responsible for the loss of any cheque dividend watrant of postal order sent by post in respect of dividends, whether by request or otherwise, at the registered address or the address communicated to the office before hand by the member or for any diviend lost to the member or person entitled thereto by the forged endorsement of any cheque or warrant of the fraudulent recovery thereof by any other means.

BOOKS AND DOCUMENTS

189. The Director shall cause to be kept in accordance with Section 208 of the Act proper books of accounts with respect to :-

Books of account to be kept

- (8) all sums of money received and spent by the Company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure take place.
- (b) all sales and purchases of goods by the Company.
- (c) the assets and Debilites of the Company.

190. The books of accounts shall be kept at the office or at such other place as the Board thinks fit, and shall be open to inspection by the Directors during business hours.

Inspection by Members

191. The Directors shell from time to time, subject to the provisions of Sections, 163, 196 and 219 of the Act determine whether and to what extent and at what time and places and under what conditions, the documents and registers or any of them maintained by the Company of which inspection is allowed by the Act shall be kept open for the inspection of the members. Till decided otherwise by the Board such documents and registers shall be kept open, for inspection to the persons entitled thereto between 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. on all working days. No member (not being a Director) shall have and right to

inspection of any eccount or book or documents of the Company except as conferred by law or by Act or authorised by the Directors, or by resolution of the Company in general meeting and no member, not being a Director shall be entitled to require or receive any information concerning the business, trading or customets of the Company or any trade secret process of or used by the Company.

AUDIT

Audit

192. Once at least in every year the books of accounts of the Company shall be examined by one or more Auditor or Auditors.

Appointment of Auditors etc.

193. The Company at each Annual General Meeting shall appoint an auditor or auditors to hold office and until the next Annual General Meeting and their appointment, remuneration. Rights and duties shall be regulated by Section 224 to 227 of the Act.

Brench Audit

194. Where the Company has a brench office, the provisions of Section 228 of the Act shall apply.

Rights of eaction to ettend general meeting 195. All notices of, and other communication relating to any General Meeting of the Company which any member of the Company is entitled to have been sent to him shall also be forwarded to the Auditor of the Company and the Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to be ficured at any General Meeting and to be ficured at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concerns him as an Auditor.

Auditors' report to be used 196. The Auditors' Report shall be read before the Company in General Meeting and shall be open to inspection by any member of the Company.

Whon account to be deemed to be settled 197. Every Belance Sheet and Prolit and Loss Account of the Company when sudited and adopted by the Company in General Meeting shall be conclusive in respect of transactions of the Company for the relevant year.

SERVICE OF NOTICE AND DOCUMENTS

Service of documents and notice to members 198. The Company shall comply with the provisions or Sections 53, 172 and 190 of the Act as to the serving of notices.

Accidental omlasion not to invalidate 199. The accidental omission to give notice to, or the non-receipt of notice, by any member or other person to whom it should be given shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

Transferens etc boundby prior notice 200. Every person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any stare, shall be bound by every nation

In respect of such share which previously to his name and address being entered in the Register, shall be duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such there.

 The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written printed or lithographed.

Mode of right lute.

202. Any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the registered address of any member in pursuance of these Articles shall, notwith-standing such member be than deceased, be and whether or not the Company has share whether registered solely or jointly with other persons, until some other person be registered in his stead as the member in respect thereof and such service for all purposes of the Articles be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his or her heirs, executors or administrators and all persons, if any, jointly interested with him or her in any such share.

Notice valid though Member decreased

203. Any notice required to be given by the Company to the members of any of them and not expressly provided for these Articles or by the Act shall be sufficiently given if given by advertisement.

When notice may be given by advertisement

204. Any notice required to be or which may be given by advertisement shall be advertised one in or more newspapers circulating in the neighbourhood of the registered office.

How to be advecticed

205. Any notice by advertisement shall be deemed to have been given on the day on which the advertisement shall first appear.

When notice by advertisement deemed to be served

RECONSTRUCTION

206 On any sale of the whole or any part of the undertaking of the Company the Board of the Elquidators on a winding up may, if authorised by special resolution, accept fully paid or partly paid-up shares, debentures or securities of any other Company, whether incorporated in India or not either than existing or to be formed for the purchase in the whole or in the part of the property of the Company, and the Board (if the profits of the Company permit) or the Liquidators (in a winding up) may distribute such shares or securities, or any other property of the Company amongst the members without realisation, or vest the same in trustees for them, and any Special Resolution may provide for the distribution or appropriation of cash shares or other securities, benefits or property, otherwise than in accordance with the strict legal rights of the member, contributories of the Company, and for the valution of any such securities or property at such price and in such manner at the meeting may approve and all holders of shares shall subject to the provisions of Section 395 of the Act, be bound to accept and shall be bound by any valuation or distribution so authorised, and

Reconstituction

waive all rights in relation thereto save only in case the Company is proposed to be or is in course of being wound up and subject to the provision of Section 494 of the act as are in-capable of being varied or excluded by these Articles.

WINDWG 110

Right of performance share-bolders 207. On winding Preference Sheres will renk as regards Capital in priority to Equity Sheres, to the extent of the paid up value of the seld sheres but to no other rights of participating in its assets.

Distribution of assets in specie

- 208. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, if the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act divide amongst contributories in specia or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
 - (2) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may sat such value as the deems fair upon any property to be divided as eforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
 - (3) The liquidator may, with the like sanction of a special resolution, yest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories or any of them as the liquidator shall think lit.

Distribution of assets

- 209. (1) In the event of the Company being would up the header of preference shares, if any, shall be entitled to have the aurphia essets available for distribution amongst members as such applied in the first place in repaying to them the amount poid up to the preference shares held by them respectively and any arrears of dividend up to the commencement of the winding up, whether declared or not. If the surplus assets available as cloresaid shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the amount paid up on the preference shares and arrears of dividend, such assets shall be distributed amongst the holders of preference shares that the losses shall be borne by the holders of preference share as nearly as may be in proportion to the capital paid up which ought to have been paid up on the shares held by them at the commencement of the winding up and the arrears of dividend as eloresaid.
 - (2) The assets, if any, evaluable for distribution after payment to the preference share holders as aforesaid shall be distributed amongst the holders of Equity chares in proportion to the capital

at the commencement of the winding up, paid up or which ought to have been paid up on the chares in respect of which they were respectively registered.

(3) This article is to be without prejudice to the right and privileges amongst holders of preference shares of different series

SECRECY

210. Subject to provisions of Section 6358 of the Act, every Director Manager, Auditor, Trustee, Member of a Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant or other person employed in business of the Company shall if so required by the Board before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe a strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with its customers and the state of accounts with individuals and in matters relating thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required so to do by the Board or by any meeting or by a court of law and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.

Secrety

211. No member or other person (not being a Director) shell be entitled to visit or inspect any works of the Company or to enter upon the property of the Company or to Inspect or examine the Company's premises or properties of the Company without the permission of the Board or subject to Article 191 to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process or of any matter whatsoever which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and within the opinion of the Directors it will be expedient in the interest of the members of the Company to communicate

No member to enter the transset of the company without permission

INDEMNITY

212. Every Objector, Managing Director, Manager, Secretary or Officer of the Company or any person (whether an officer of the Company or not) employed by the Company and any person appointed by the Company as Auditor shall be indemnified out of the essets of the Company against all flabilities incurred by him as such Director, Managing Director, Manager, Secretary, Officer or Auditor in delending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted, or in connection with any application under Section 633 of the Act in which relief is granted to him by the Court.

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213. Save and except so far as the provisions of these articles shall be avoided by Section 201 of the Act, the Board Managers. Auditors, Secretary

and other Officers or Servents for the time being of the Company and Trustees (If any) for the time being acting in relation to any of the affeirs of the Company and every one of them and every one of their executors and administrators shall be indemnified and secured hamless out of the seasts and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their executors or administrators shall austein by reason of any act done, concurred in or committed in or about the execution of their duty or suposed duty in their respective officers or trusts, except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain through or by their own willful neglect of default respectively. and none of them shall be answerable for the act, receipts, neglects or default of the other or others of them or for joining in any receipt for the leake of conformity or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or offects belonging to the Company shall be deposited or for insufficiency or deliciency of any security upon which any moneys of or belonging to the Company shall be placed or invested or for any other loss, misfortune or demage which may happen in the execution of their respective officers or trusts of in relation thereto unless the same shall happen by or through their own wilful neglect or detault respectively.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are unbscribed below are destrous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Articles of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set opposite to our respective names.

Names: Signatures, father afhusbands perpes and addresses and occupations of subscribers.	No. of equity shares, taken by each subscribers.	Name, Signature, eddress, father's name and occupation of Winess.
ALI HUSSAIN SAIFUDDINBHAI S/o Saifuddiabhai Akbarally P-I, New C. J. T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johar Building, Calcutto-700 073 Business.	(One hundred)	
MOIZ ABDASDIFAI S/o Abbasbhai Akbarally P-I, New C. I. T. Road, (tilde Lane) Johar Building, Calcutta-700 073 Business,	(One hundred)	Winess to all Signatories: PANKAI KUMAR KHARA Sio Sri Harsukhrei J. Khata 14, Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 2nd Floor, Kent House, Calcuty-700 013
MOHAMMADI YUSUFBHA1 S/o Yusufbhai Akbarally P-1, New C. I. T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johar Building, Caleutia-700 073 Business,	100 (One livindred)	
JUMANA ALI HUSSAIN W/o Ali Hussain Snifuddinbhai P-I, New C. J. T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johat Building, Calculta-700 073 House Wife.	(One hundred)	
NISRIN MOIZ W/o Moiz Abbasblini P-I, New C. I. T. Road, (Hide Lune) Johar Building, Calculta-700 873 House Wife.	100 (One hundred)	> EN → H U Q
NAFISA MOISAMMADI W/o Mohammadi Yusufbhai P-1, New C. I. T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johar Building, Calcutta-700 073 House Wife.	100 (One hundred)	
TASUEEM QURESH W/o Quresh Abbasthai P-1, New C. I. T. Road, (Hide Lane) Johan Building, Calcutta-700 073 House Wife.	(One kundred)	:
το	OTAL (Seven hundred)	

Dated: 8th July, 1983